

MAHARSHI DAYANAND SARASWATI UNIVERSITY AJMER

NOTICE

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Science, Science, Commerce, Law, Education,
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Commencing from July,
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NAHARSHI DAYANAND SARASWATI UNIVERSITY AJMER

UNIGOT:

SYLLABUS

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION AND COURSES OF STUDY

FACULTY OF LAW

Criminology and Criminal
Administration
(w.e.f. 2017-18)



मुल्य: 10/-

महर्षि दयानन्द सरस्वती विश्वविद्यालय, अजमेर

MAHARSHI DAYANAND SARASWATI UNIVERSITY,

पाठ्यक्रम

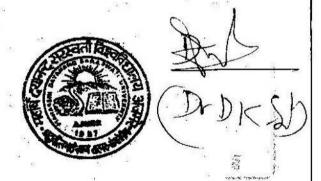
SYLLABUS

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NOTICE

1. Change in Statutes/Ordinances/Rules/
Regulations Syllabus and Books may, from
time to time, be made by amendment or
remaking, and a candidate shall, except in so
far as the University determines otherwise
comply with any change that applies to years
he has not completed at the time of change.
The decision taken by the Academic
Council shall be final.

मुचना

1. समय-समय पर संशोधन या पुनः निर्माण कर परिनियमों/ अध्यादेशों/नियमों / विनियमों / पाठ्यक्रमों व पुस्तकों में परिवर्तन किया जा सकता है, तथा किसी भी परिवर्तन को छात्र को मानना होगा बशर्ते कि विश्वविद्यालय ने अन्यथा प्रकार से उनको छूट न दी हो और छात्र ने उस परिवर्तन के पूर्व वर्ष पाठ्यक्रम को पूरा न किया हो। विद्या खरिबद द्वारा लिये गये निर्णय अन्तिम होंगे।

OMAHARSHI DAYANAND SARASWATI UNIVERSITY, AJMER
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for Maharshi Dayanand Saraswati University, Ajmer

ONE YEAR DIPLOMA COURSE IN CRIMINAL ADMINISTRATION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROP

Scheme of Examination of a

R. 21 C - For the Diploma Course in Criminology and Criminal Administration, candidates must obtain for a pass at least 40% marks in the individual papers and 48% in the aggregate of all papers. The successful candidate those securing 60% of more marks in the aggregate shall be placed in First Division and the rest in second Division.

SYLLABUS

PAPER 1- GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF CRIMINAL LAW

General Principles of Criminal Law under the Indian Penal Code (excluding specific offences-) and the Fundamental basis of statutory offences under the Prevention of Food Adulteration Act, Arms Act, Suppression of Immoral Traffic Act and Prevention of Corruption Act.

PAPER-II-CRIMINOLOGY, VICTIMOLOLOGY & PENOLOGY

- ➤ Meaning and Scope of Criminal Science.
- ➤ School of Criminol
- > Contribution of Sutherland.
- ➤ Juvenile Delinquency
- ➤ Recidivism
- ➤ Causes of Crime
- ➤ Social Forces and Crime
- ➤ Recent Trends in Crime including the problem of organised crime, black marketing. Corporate crimes, hidden-crimes, effects of crime.
- > Types of criminals
- > Study of Criminal Behaviour of some tribes in India.

VICTIMOLOGY

Need for compensation, compensation and rehabilitation, compensation as a mode of punishment and constitutional perspective of compensation.

PENOLOGY

- > Origin and evolution of Punishment
- > Forms of punishment with special reference to capital punishment.
- Penal institutions. Prison system and its reforms in India with special reference to recent experiments.
 Correctional Institutions: Workhouses and houses of correction:
 Juvenile training school. Men and women reformatories: Borstal

Institution in India.

> Parole & Indeterminate sentence.

Pardon.

Book Recommended on Criminology and Penology:

Sutherland: Principles of Criminology (latest Edition)

Garofolo Criminology Parts L. II and III (Latest Edition)

Criminology and Penology Part I to part V (Latest Gillin

Edition)

Taft Criminology (Latest Edition).

Part- I- Ch. 1, 3 for study.

Pan II- Omitting Ch. 6 rest for study

Part III & IV—full for study.

Principles of Criminology lectures Pillai

2, 3,4, 5,6,9, 11 and 12.

Criminology Cavan

Part -I-Omitting

Ch. 2 Part-II-full.

Lombroso Cesare: Crime its cause and remedies

8. Different Reports published by Government of India from time to time.

9. Moral Approaches to Criminal law by Radzinowicz and Turner

10. New Horizons in Criminology by Barnes and Tetters.

11. Pioneers in criminology edited Mannbein

12. Criminology by Bonger.

13. From punishment to Prevention by P.K. Sen.

14. Penology - Old and New by P.K. Sen.

15. Rationale of Punishment by Oppenheime.

16. Crime, Courts and Probation.

17. Siddique M-Criminology.

PAPER III— FORENSIC SCIENCE AND CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION

The basic question in investigation - Qui Bono: the scene of crime: discovery of traces of physical evidence; classification and reference to classified record: systematization and classification of physical evidence and comparison with suspected material: the principles of exchange; the principles of heredity, Taxontomy; etc.

I-The Establishment of Identity of Individuals:

Branding, tattooing, Mutilating. Scars and Moles, Bantillon system; Photography: fingerprints: ridge characteristics: pros copy.

II - The Establishment of Partial Identity of Individuals: Footprints: hair, skin: blood grouping: physical peculiarities.

III-The establishment of the Identity of Physical Objects by Shape and Size:

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identifying: marks and improved marks : prints : tyre and trademarks : die and marks : rupture or factors starks. IV - The Establishment of the Identity of Physical Object Christian and Chemical Analysis: Printa a coloured objects: metals: alloys: Chain & the earthen wares : cements; shester: bricks: dust : soil : minerals : plastics.

V- Questioned Documents and the Identification of Handwritings: Paper, its types and identification; inks; pencils and writing tools: handwriting habit &flow: disguised writing comparison and points of identity; samples, various type of forgery and their detection; additions; erasures; alterations, seals; rubberstamps typewriting: printing blocks.

VI- The Identification of Fire-Arms and Cartridges and Related Problems .Types of fire-arms and their use; lime and range of firing; identification of a lire-arm with a cartridge case and bullet; miscellaneous fire-arm problems like origin or direction of fire

VII - Injuries to Persons: Evidentiary value of details of injuries; traces left by the weapon used; its range and direction; danger to clothing worn by the victim and the related problems; the flow of blood from injuries, the shape and direction of blood drops and their evidentiary value, the discovery of blood and semen stains on various objects; accidental deaths and suicides.

VIII - Miscellaneous Forensic Science Methods:

Restoration of numbers, examination of the. Walking picture of footprints; clothing: copper wire: pieces of wood etc.

IX- Evidentiary value of Physical Evidence as Evaluated by a forensic Science Laboratory viz. Evidence: Fallibility of eye witnesses. The probative value. of such evidence. Findings of scientific methods of investigation; their probative value. Assessment of value from actual cases. Value to be assigned to the different types of exhibits.

PAPER IV--- FORENSIC MEDICINE AND TOXICOLOGY

1. Injuries

- (a) Definition in law (Sec. 319, 320 1. P. C.) Grievous Injury.
- (b) Classification.
- (c). Cardinal fractures of different types of injuries.
- (d) Injuries of special regions.
- Age of injuries.
- (f). Medico -legal aspects.

2. Burns & Scars.

- (a) Classification of burns (Depurants).
- (b) Causes of death after burns.
- (c) Simple and grievous burns.

mem and post-morters

3. Asphyxia and Deputing:

(a) Cause of asphyxia, post-mortem appearances.

(b) Various types of violent asphyxia Deaths like hanging. Strangislation, throttling and traumatic attacks, and the postmortem appearances commonly seen at a conditions.

(c) Drowning — Cardinal post-mortem signal (Cadaveric spasm of hands.

(ii) Signs in the air passages, (iii) Stomach contents, (iv) Signs in the

(v) Demonstration of diatoms in the viscera.

4. Sexual offences:

(a) Rape:

(i) Definition (Sec 375 1. R.C.)

(ii) Examination of victim — Anatomy of hymen

(iii) Positive signs of rape.

(iv) Examination of the accused.

(v) Medico-legal aspects.

(b) Sodomy:

(i) Examination of the victim.

(ii) Signs in the habitual passive agent.

(iii) Examination of the accused.

5. Autopsy:

(a) Procedure - Aims & Objects - Difficulties.

(b) Problems:

- (i) Time since death Description of post-mortem changes, estimation of time since death from rigor post-mortem staining, putrefaction, adipocere formation, mummification changes in the eyes, skin, primary and secondary relaxation in drowning cases from floatation of the body. In dead bodies after burial. From the degree of digestion of stomach contents. From the change in the cerebo spinal fluid and the narrow cells of the sternum.
- (ii) Causes of death after burns.

(iii) Ante-mortem or post-mortem injuries.

(iv) Examination of human remains skeletal and multi lated remains. Establishment of age. Sex and Statute for the purpose of identity.

(c) Infanticide: Definition dead born, still born viable foetus, criteria for separate existence.

(d) Exhumation: Rules and procedure -

Crisolabloary and

Examination of Main

. Pvidence Act

Physical, Chemical & Secological, Blood grounds in the principles.

7. Insanity:

Definition (See \$4 1 PC)

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Modern concent chasilication - Legal test of ineanity . Observation of an alleged lurante Research of the insane. Civil and criminal responsibility of a lunstic. Technically capacity. Reception order on petition.

8. Poisons:

Classification of poisons. Diagnosis of poisoning, Examination of poisoning case. Brief Toxicology of the following common poisons-Opium, dhatura barbivarates. Cannabis India, Arsenic Copper Sulphate. Leac, Strychnine, Cocaine, Alcohol, Organo phosphorus Compounds, Carbon monoxide, Hytiocyanci acid. Pot. Cynide, Phosphorus, Snake bite.

9. Intoxication:

Definition (Sec. 85 & 86, I.P.C.) regarding alcoholic intoxication. Alcohol, Gania, Bhang, Dhatura, opium, morphine.

Books Recommended for Papers IV and V:

Modern Criminal Investigation: Harry Soderman and John J.O. Conell (Published by funk & Wangnalls Co. Inc. New York).

2. Criminal Investigation: Paul L. Kirk, Ph. D. (Published by Inter Science Publishers, Inc. (New York).

3. Criminal Investigation: Cr. A and cross. (Published by Sweet & Maxwell, Limited London).

4. Police Act. (Act V of 1861).

Rajasthan Habitual Offenders Act.

6. Rajasthan Police Regulations (for Reference purpose only).

7. Dowen, T. A.: Text Book of Forensic Pharmacy.

8. Gour, A. N. Fire Arms. Forensic Ballistics, Forensic Chemistry and Criminal Jurisprudence.

9. Lucas, A.: Forensic Chemistry and Scientific Criminal bavestigation.

10. Lundquist, F.: Methods of Forensic Science (Vol. 1).

11. Moreland, N.: Science in Crime detection illustrated.

12. Swipson, F. Forensic Medicine.

13. Nodi, J. P.: Medical Jurisprudence and toxicology

PAPER V— ELEMENTS OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE AND PROOF IN CRIMINAL TRIALS,

Cr. P, C.

General including classification of Criminal cases—Summary - warrant-bailable-non bailable, cognisable, non-cognisable; Constitution and Jurisdiction of Courts: Complaint & F. I. R. case: Investigation Procedure: Framing of

8 / Grindent and Criminal Administration

| Calculation of the Section | rity for Killer peace. | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| Indian Evidence | actions. | |
| (i) Burden of Parent | — 101 ₆ -106 | |
| (ii) Confession | 2430 | |
| (iii) Presumption | - 154 1 42 - | |
| (iv) Accomplice to and | - 133 | |
| (v) Relevancy | - 5-11-14-15 | |
| (vi) Character Evidence | - 52-51 seef | |
| (vii) Expert Witnesses | 45, 46,5) | |
| (viii) Examination in | — 141—143, 1 37 , 13 |) |
| Chief & Cross Examination | 145, 153 | |

PAPER-VI+PRACTICAL

This paper shall consist of following four parts. Each parts of this paper shall carry 25 Marks.

A. CASE STUDY

The student will be imparted teaching of latest case-law of the supreme court and the High Court's along with the legislative Changes amendments from the time to time.

B. ASSIGNMENT BASED ON RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

The students have to write an article on socio legal aspects of any law on the basic of non-doctrinal research method of research methodology in approximately 3000-5000 words.

C. PAPER PRESENTATION SEMINARS

Students have to present in brief research paper in seminar which has to prepare by student.

D. VIVA-VOCE

The viva-voce examination shall be conducted by one Internal & one External examiner. All students have to present the aforesaid 03 assignment paper at the time of viva-voce.