

# MAHARSHI DAYANAND SARASWATI UNIVERSITY AJMER

# NOTICE

Copies of the "Syllabus and Courses of Study"
prescribed for the Faculties of Arts, Fine Arts, Social
Science, Science, Commerce, Law, Education,
Management Studies etc.
Commencing from July,
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# MAHARSHI DAYANAND SARASWATI UNIVERSITY AJMER

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# SYLLABUS

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION AND COURSES OF STUDY

# FACULTY OF ARTS & SOCIAL SCIENCE

# M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE

M.A Previous Examination (w.e.f. 2015-16) M.A Final Examination

(w.e.f. 2016-17)



संस्करण 2015



मूल्य : 12/-

महर्षि दयानन्द सरस्वती विश्वविद्यालय, अजमेर

# NOTICE

1. Change in Statutes/Ordinances/Rules/
Regulations Syllabus and Books may, from
time to time, be made by amendment or
remaking, and a candidate shall, except in so
far as the University determines otherwise
comply with any change that applies to years
he has not completed at the time of change.
The decision taken by the Academic
Council shall be final.

# सूचना

1. समय-समय पर संशोधन या पुन: निर्माण कर परिनियमों/ अध्यादेशों/नियमों / विनियमों / पाठ्यक्रमों व पुस्तकों में परिवर्तन किया जा सकता है, तथा किसी भी परिवर्तन को छात्र को मानना होगा बशर्तें कि विश्वविद्यालय ने अन्यथा प्रकार से उनको छूट न दी हो और छात्र ने उस परिवर्तन के पूर्व वर्ष पाठ्यक्रम को पूरा न किया हो। विद्या परिषद द्वारा लिये गये निर्णय अन्तिम होंगे। M.D.S.U. Syallabus / M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE / 03.

#### M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE

# SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

Each Theory Paper 3rd hrs. duration Marks: 100
Disseration/Thesis/Survey Report/Field work, if any Marks: 100

- The number of papers and the maximum marks for each paper/practical shall be shown in the syllabus for the subject concerned. It will be necessary for a candidate to pass in the theory part as well as in the practical part (wherever prescribed) of a subject/paper separately.
- 2. A candidate for a pass at each of the previous and the Final examination shall be required to obtain (i) at least 36% marks in the aggregate of all the papers prescribed for the examination and (ii) at least 36% Marks in practical (s) wherever prescribed the examination, provided that if a candidate fails to secure at least 25% marks in each individual paper Work, wherever prescribed, he shall be deemed to have failed at the examination not withstanding his having obtained the minimum percentage of marks required in the aggregate for that examination. No division will be awarded at the Previous Examination. Division shall be awarded at the end of the final examination on the combined marks obtained at the Previous and the Final Examinations taken together, as noted below:

First Divison 60% of the aggregate marks taken together Second Division 48% of the Previous and the Final Examination All the rest will be declared to have passed the examinations.

- 3. If a candidate clears any paper (s) Practical (s)/Dissertation prescribed at the Previous and/or Final Examination after a continuous period of three years, then for the purpose of working out his division the minimum pass marks only viz 25% (36% in the case of practical) shall be taken into account in respect of such Paper(s) Practical(s). Dissertation that are cleared after the expiry of the aforesaid period of three years, provided that in case where a candidate requires more than 25% marks in order to reach the minimum aggregate as many marks out of those actually secured by him will be taken into account as would enable him to make the deficiency in the requisite minimum aggregate.
- 4. The Thesis/Dissertation/Survey Report/Field Work shall be type-written and submitted in triplacte so as to reach the office of the Registrar at least 3 weeks before the commencement of the theory examination. Only such candidate shall be permitted to offer Dissertation/Field work/Survey Report/Thesis (if provided in the scheme of examination) in lieu of a paper who have secured at least 55% marks in the agtgregate of all scheme and I and II semester examination taken together in the case of semester scheme, irrespective of the number of papers in which a candidate actually appeared at the examination.

N.B.: Non-Collegiate candidates are not eligible to offer dissertation as per provision of (O) 170-A.

#### M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE

There shall be nine papers. Each paper will be of three hours duration and carry 100 Marks. Out of nine papers, there shall be seven compulsory and two optional papers, from any one of groups in the Final class only.

The Candidate appearing in Previous class shall offer four papers and in the Final, five papers as per following schedule.

#### M.A. PREVIOUS

Compulsory Papers:

Paper-I: Political Thought from Plato to Marx

Paper-II: Indian Government and Politics and State Politics in India

Paper-III: Comparative Politics and Politics of Developing Countries

Paper-IV: Major Ideas and Issues in Public Administration

#### M.A. FINAL

There will be Five papers each of three hours duration carrying 100 marks each out of which Paper V, VI and IX will be compulsory and Paper VII and VIII will be optional

Compulsory Papers:

Paper-V: Political Analysis and Research Methodology

Paper-VI: Theories of International Relations and Contemporary

Political Issues.

Optional Papers- VII & VIII

Any two Papers are to be offered from one of the following groups.

Group 'A': International Politics

(i) International Law

(ii) Theory and Practice of Diplomacy

Group 'B': PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

(i) Indian Administration

(ii) Local Self Government & Development Administration in India

Group 'C': INDIAN POLITICS

(i) Federalism and State Politics in India

(ii) Political Parties and Electoral Politics in India

Paper-IX: Human Rights and Duties/Indian Political Tradition

OR

Disseration

#### M.D.S.U. Syaliabus /M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE / 05.

Dissertation may be offered in lieu of IXth paper at the final examination by the candidates who have secured atleast 55% marks at the M.A. Previous examination. Candidates offering dissertation shall be required to submit the dissertation at least three weeks before the beginning of M.A. Final examination.

The dissertation shall carry, 100 marks (75 marks for written report and 25 marks for viva-voce). The private candidates shall not be allowed to offer dissertation.

#### M.A. PREVIOUS EXAMINATION

# PAPER-I: POLITICAL THOUGHT FROM PLATO TO MARX

**Duration: 3 Hours** 

Maximum Marks: 100

Note: Each theory paper is divided into 3 independent units. The question paper will be divided into 3 parts, Part-A, Part-B and Part-C. Part-A (20 marks) is compulsory and contains 10 questions, atleast 3 questions from each unit. Each question is of 2 marks (20 words). Part-B (20 marks) is compulsory and will contain 5 questions, atleast 1 from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt all 5 questions. Each question is of 4 marks (50 words). Part-C (60 marks) contains 6 questions, 2 from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt 3 questions, 1 from each unit. Each question is of 20 marks (400 words)

#### UNIT-I

Greek Political Thought: Plato and Aristotle

Medieval Political Thought

St. Augustine and St. Thomas Aquinas

Early Modern Political Thought

Niccolo Machiavelli & Jean Bodin

#### UNIT-II

Contractualist and Utilitarian Political Thought:

Thomas Hobbes, John Locke and J.J. Rousseau.

Jeremy Bentham & John Stuart Mill

#### UNIT-III

Idealist and Socialist Political Thought:

Hegel, T.H.Green and Gramschi

Karl Marx, I V Lenin and Mao Tse Tung

- 1. Allen: A History of Political Thought in 16th Century
- 2. Davidson: Political Thought in England -The Utilitarian
- 3. E. Barker: Plato and His Predecessors (In Hindi also)

- 06. M.D.S.U. Syallabus / M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE
- 4. Eric Voegelin: Order and History, Vol. II (Plato and Aristotle)
- 5. Germino Dante: Beyond Ideology: The Revival of Political Theory
- 6. Harman: Political Thought from Plato to the Present
- 7. Hearnshaw: Some Medieval Thinkers;
- M.Q. Sibley: Political Ideas and Ideology
- 9. Maxey: Political Philosophy
- 10. Michael Foster: Master of Political Thought
- Michael Oakeshott: Political and Social Doctrines of Contemporary Europe
- 12. R.N. Berki: An Introduction to History of Political Thought
- 13. Sabine: History of Political Theory
- Subrata Mukherjee & Sushila Ramaswamy: A History of Political Thought-Plato to Marx
- 15. W.A. Dunning: History of Political theory (3 Volumes)
- V.R. Mehta: Foundations of Indian Political Thought, Manohar Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi, 1999.
- 17. बी.एल. फड़िया : पाश्चात्य राजनीतिक विचारों का इतिहास
- 18. हरिदत वेदांलकार : पाश्चात्य राजनीतिक विचारों का इतिहास
- 19. डॉ. वी.आर. पुरोहित : राजनीतिक चिन्तन का विकास
- 20. पी.डी. शर्मा : पाश्चात्य राजनीतिक विचारों का इतिहास
- 21. ओ.पी. गावा : विश्व के प्रमुख विचारक
- 22. के.एल. कमल : प्रमुख पाश्चात्य राजनीतिक विचारक

# PAPER-II: INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS AND

# STATE POLITICS IN INDIA

#### **Duration: 3 Hours**

Maximum Marks: 100

Note: Each theory paper is divided into 3 independent units. The question paper will be divided into 3 parts, Part-A, Part-B and Part-C. Part-A (20 marks) is compulsory and contains 10 questions, atleast 3 questions from each unit. Each question is of 2 marks (20 words). Part-B (20 marks) is compulsory and will contain 5 questions, atleast 1 from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt all 5 questions. Each question is of 4 marks (50 words). Part-C (60 marks) contains 6 questions, 2 from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt 3 questions, 1 from each unit. Each question is of 20 marks (400 words)

#### UNIT-I

Approaches to the study of Indian Politics.

Constituent Assembly: Evolution, Composition and Working

## M.D.S.U. Syallabus / M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE / 07

Ideological Comments: Preamble, Fundamental Rights. Directive Principles of State, Fundamental Duties, Secularism.

Federalism: Nature and Working with special reference to emerging trends.

Tension Areas and demand for autonomy.

#### UNIT-II

The Union Government: Role and Actual Working

The President, Council of ministers and Prime Minister

The Parliament: Lok Sabha and Rajya Shabha: Relationship Pattern between two chambers

The Supreme Court: Jurisdictions, Judicial Activism, Public Interest Litigation and Judicial Reform.

State Government: Role and Actual working.

Governor, Council of Ministers, Chief Minister, State Legislature

Patterns and Emerging Trends in State Politics

Determinants of State Politics. .

Salient Features of State Politics of Rajasthan

#### UNIT-III

Party System: Emerging Trends

Political Parties: National and Regional, Their organisation, Policy and Programme

Pressure Groups: Association, Non Association, Institutional and Anomic

Indian Politics: Nature and Patterns of coalition politics

Voting Behaviour: Emerging Trends

Electoral Reforms:

Challenges to Parliamentary Democracy

- Economic: Class, Poverty and corruption, Globalisation, Liberalisation and Privatisation
- Sociological: Caste, Religion, Region, Language, Criminalisation, Terrorism
- Political: Regional Political Parties and Pressure groups.

- Bidyut Chakrabarty & Rajendra Kumar Pandey: Indian Government and Politics, Sage Publications, New Delhi, 2008
- Bhawani Singh: Council of States in India
- 3. Bhawani Singh: Politics of Alienations in Assam
- C.B. Bhambri: Indian Politics since Independence (2 Vols.) Metropolitan Books, New Delhi
- D.D. Basu: Introduction to the Constitution of India. Prentice-Hall, New Delhi, 2008
- 6. Ghanshyam Shah: Politics of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes

- Granville Austin: The Indian Constitution: Cornerstone of a Nation, Clarendon Press, oxford, 1966
- 8. Igbal Narain: Indian Government and Politics
- 9. J. C. Johari: Indian Political system, Anmol, New Delhi, 2007
- 10. J. R. Siwach: Indian Govt. & Politics (Sterling)
- 11. J. R. Siwach: Office of the Governor (Vikas)
- 12. J.R. Siwach: Politics of the President's rule in India
- K.C. Markanandan: Centre State relations, D.K. Publishers Distributors, New Delhi
- 14. K L Kamal: Democratic Politics in India
- 15. K.S. Saxena: State Politics of Rajasthan, Aalekh Publishers, Jaipur, 2000
- 16. L. M. Singhvi: Bharat Main Nirvachan
- 17. L.M.Singhvi: India Political parties (in Hindi & English)
- 18. M.P. Roy & R.N. Trivedi: Indian Government and Politics (Hindi)
- Myron Weiner: Party Politics in India, The Development of Multi-Party System, D.K. Publishers Distributors, New Delhi
- Niranjan, Rajadhyaksha: The Rise of India. Its transformation from Poverty to Prosperity, Wiley, New Delhi, 2007.
- 22. Myron Weiner: Politics of Scarcity- Public Pressure and Political Response in India
- Niraja Gopal Jayal, Democratic Governance in India: Challenges of Poverty, Development and Identity, Sage Publication, New Delhi 2001
- P.C. Mathur: Political Centavis of India's Modernity, Aalekh Publishers, Jaipur, 1994
- 25. Paul R. Brass: The Politics of India, since Independence. Cambridge 1992
- Paull Wallace & Surendra Chopra: Political Dynamics of Punjab (India Political System)
- Payl Flather, Recasting Indian Politics: Essays on a working Democracy, Palgrave, 2002
- R. C. Aggarwal: Indian Government and Politics (India Political System), 5th ed., S. Chand and Company, New Delhi, 2000.
- 29. Rajni Kothari : Bharat Main Rajniti, Politics in India
- 30. Rakhahari Chatterjee: Union, Politics and the State
- 31. Reddy and Sharma: Regionalism in India
- 32. S.K. Kashyap: Coalition Politics in India
- 33. S.K.Khanna: Coalition Politics in India
- 34. S.K.Khanna: Crisis of Indian Democracy
- 35. S.K.Khanna: Reforming Indian Political System
- 36. S.N. Dubey, Indian Government and Politics, Narain's Publication Agra

#### M.D.S.U. Syallabus /M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE / 09

1998

- S. N. Singh, Caste, Tribe and Religion in India Politics, Shri Sai, New Delhi,
   2005
- U.C. Jain: Encyclopedia of Indian Government and Politics in 10 Vols., Pioneer Publishers, Jaipur
- 39. Upendra Baxi: The Indian Supreme Court
- 40. V.R. Mehta: Ideology, Modernisation and Politics in India
- 41. W.H. Morris Jones: Government and Politics of India
- 42. जैन व फड़िया : भारतीय शासन और राजनीति
- 43. बी.एल. फडिया : मारतीय शासन एवं राजनीति
- 44. सुमाष कश्यप : हमारी संसद

#### Selected Journals:

- 1. Pacific Affairs
- Asian Survey
- Journal of Asian Studies
- Political Science Review
- 5. Indian Journal of Political Science
- 6. Economic and Political Weekly

#### PAPER-III: COMPARATIVE POLITICS AND

#### POLITICS OF DEVELOPING COUNTRIES

#### Duration: 3 Hours

#### Maximum Marks: 100

Note: Each theory paper is divided into 3 independent units. The question paper will be divided into 3 parts, Part-A, Part-B and Part-C. Part-A (20 marks) is compulsory and contains 10 questions, atleast 3 questions from each unit. Each question is of 2 marks (20 words). Part-B (20 marks) is compulsory and will contain 5 questions, atleast 1 from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt all 5 questions. Each question is of 4 marks (50 words). Part-C (60 marks) contains 6 questions, 2 from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt 3 questions, 1 from each unit. Each question is of 20 marks (400 words)

#### **UNIT-I**

Comparative Politics: Nature, scope and significance

Perspectives of comparative politics: Traditional and Significance.

Evolution of Comparative Politics: Major Landmarks

Constitutionalism and challenges to constitutionalism

Approaches to the study of Comparative Politics: System Approach, Structural Functional Approach, Political Sociology, Political economy

Concept: Political Development, Political Modernisation, Political Cul-

10 M.D.S.U. Syallabus / M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE ture, Political Socialisation, Political Communication. UNIT-II

Forms of Government: Theory and Practice:

Democracy and Dictatorship, Unitary and federal, Parliamentary and Presidential

Party System:

Political Parties: Organisation, Function and Roles.

Pressure Groups: Forms and Roles.

Organs of Government: Organisation, Function and Working

Legislature: Decline of legislatures, Rule Making

Executive: Political executive and Bureaucracy (Permanent executive), their types and roles in rule implementation

Judiciary: Free and fair judiciary, Judicial Review and Rule Adjudication, Functions

#### UNIT-III

Politics of Developing countries: Nature of anti-colonial struggles and emergence of New Nation State

Adoption of Democratic Models: Problems and Prospects

Constitutionalism: Nature and Challenges

General trends in the working of governmental and political institutions Dependency Theory: A theory of under-development.

#### Recommended Readings:

- A Pourgerami: Development and Democracy in the Third World, Boulder Colorado, West view, Press, 1991.
- 2. C. F. Strong: Modem Constitutions.
- 3. C. J. Friederich: Constitutional Government and Democracy
- D. Engels and S. Marks (eds.): Contesting Colonial Hegemony, State and Society in Africa and India, London, B. Tauris, 1994
- D.E. Apter: The Politics of Modernization, Chicago, University of Chicago Press, 1965.
- GA. Almond(eds.): The Civic Culture Revisited, Boston, Little Brown, 1989
- GA. Almond, and G.B. Powell Jr.: Comparative Politics: A Development Approach, Amerind, New Delhi, 1972.
- G.A. Almond, and J.S. Coleman: The Politics of the Developing Areas, Princeton NJ, Princeton University Press, I 960.
- GA. Almond, and S. Verba: The Civic Culture: Political Attitudes and Democracy in Five Nations, Princeton, NJ, Princeton University Press, 1963.
- G.A. Almond: Comparative Politics Today: A World View, 7th ed., New York, London, Harper/Collins, 2000.
- 11. Herman Finer: Theory and Practice of Modern Governments.
- 12. J.E. Goldthrope: The Sociology of Post-Colonial Societies: Economic Dis-

M.D.S.U. Syallabus / M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE / 11 parity, Cultural Diversity and Development, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1966.

- 13. Jean Blonde: An introduction to Comparative Government
- Kamrava Mehran: Understanding Comparative Politics, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2000.
- L. Diamond (ed.): Political Culture and Democracy in Developing Countries, Boulder Coloardo, Lynne Rienner, I 993.
- 16. Macridis, Roy c. The study of Comparative Government, Garden, 1955
- Ray Samirendra N.: Modem Comparative Polites: Approaches, Methods and Issues, Prentice Hall ofindia Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2000.
- Rod Hague & Martin Harrop: Comparative Government and Politics An Introduction 5th ed., Palgrave, 2002
- S. R. Maheshwarl: Comparative government and politics, 7th ed., Narain's Publications, 2000.
- 20. Vidya Bhusan, Comparative Politics, Atlantic Publishers New Delhi, 2000.
- 21. Wheare: Modern Constitutions
- 22. प्रमुदत शर्मा : तुलनात्मक राजनीतिक संस्थाएं
- 23. सी.बी. गैना : तुलनात्मक राजनीति एवं राजनीतिक संस्थाएं
- 24. जे.सी. जौहरी : तुलनात्मक राजनीति

# PAPER IV: MAJOR IDEAS AND ISSUES IN

# PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

**Duration: 3 Hours** 

Maximum Marks: 100

Note: Each theory paper is divided into 3 independent units. The question paper will be divided into 3 parts, Part-A, Part-B and Part-C. Part-A (20 marks) is compulsory and contains 10 questions atleast 3 questions from each unit each question is of 2 marks (20 words). Part-B (20 marks) is compulsory and will contain 5 questions, atleast 1 from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt all 5 questions. Each question is of 4 marks (50 words). Part-C (60 marks) contains 6 questions, 2 from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt 3 questions, 1 from each unit. Each question is of 20 marks (400 words)

#### UNIT-I

Public administration: Meaning, nature and scope

New Perspective: New Public Administration, New Public Management Perspective

Relation with Politics

Impact on Public Administration: Information Technology, Globalisation, Liberalisation, Privatisation and e-Governance

Approaches: Ecological approach (riggs), development administration approach, political economy approach, liberal democratic, Marxist approaches and process of public policy, behavioral approach, system approach.

UNIT-II

Theories of organisation: Classical theory, The Bureaucratic Theory, Human Relation theory, Scientific Management.

Administrative Behaviour: Rational decision making approach (Simon), Theories of leadership, theories of motivation and communications UNIT-III

Organizational patterns of public enterprises: Department, Corporation and company; problems of Public enterprises, PPP (Public Private Partnership)

Financial administration: Formulation, Approval and Execution of Budget, Parliamentary control over finance, public accounts committee and Public Estimates Committee

Legislative and Judicial control over administration, RTI (Right to Information), Lokpal and Lokayukta, Administrative Reforms,

Personnel administration: Position, classification, recruitment, training, promotions

Neutrality of Civil Services, Downsizing of Bureaucracy, Modernisation of Bureaucracy and Administrative Culture, Role of Civil Services in Developing Society

#### Recommended Readings:

- A.T. Markose: Judicial Control of Administrative Methods in Administration
- Arora, Ramesh K (ed): Public Administration: Fresh Perpsectives, Aalekh, Jaipur, 2004
- 3. Burkhead: Government Budgeting
- 4. C. Bernard: Functioning of the Executive
- D. Waldo: Ideas and issues in Public Administration, Durham: Duke University Press, 1970
- 6. Dr. D. K. Mishra: Samajik System Prakashan
- 7. Gladden: Essentials of Public Administration
- 8. Gorwala: Report on the Public Administration of India
- 9. Government of India: Fifth Central Pay Commission Report, Vol. I, II and III
- 10. H. Simon: Administrative Behaviour: India
- Hoshiar Singh (ed.): Expanding Horizons of Public Administration, Aalekh Publishers, Jaipur, 2005
- 12. L. D. White: Introduction to the study of Public Administration
- 13. M. Marx: Elements of Public Administration
- M. Crozier: The Bureaucratic Phenomenon, Chicago, University of Chicago Press, 1969
- 15. M.P. Sharma: Public Administration: Theory and Practice (English and Hindi)

#### M.D.S.U. Syallabus /M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE / 13

- Mohit Bhattacharya: New Horizons of Public Administration, Jawahar, New Delhi, 2001
- 17. Newmann and Summers: The process of Management
- 18. Nicholas Henry: Public administration and Public affairs
- 19. Nira Singh: Administration and Development of Indian
- 20. P. D. Sharma: Police and Political Order in India
- P. R. Dubashi: Recent trends in Public Administration, Delhi, Kaveri Books, 1995
- Paul Appleby: Report on the Public Administration of India: Reexamination of India's Administrative System
- 23. Piffiner and Persthus: Administrative Organisation
- 24. Piffiner and Sherwood: Public Administration
- 25. Pigors and Mayers: The Public Personnel Administration
- 26. R. B. Jain: Public Administration
- 27. Richard and Neilender: Reading in Management
- 28. S. R. Maheshwari: Administrative reforms in India, Macmillan, New Delhi-2003
- T. N. Chaturvedi: Contemporary Administrative Culture of India, New Delhi, Mittal, 1997
- 30. Thavaraj and Iyer: Readings in Performance Budgeting
- 31. V. A. P. Panandikar: Personnel System for Development
- 32. Willoughby: Principles of Public Administration
- 33. Zia-ud-din Khan: The Span of Control
- 34. Vohra Committee Report: Government of India, Ministry of Home Affairs, 1995
- 35. बी.एल. फडिया : लोक प्रशासन
- 36. पी.डी. शर्मा : लोक प्रशासन के सिद्धान्त व व्यवहार
- 37. शालिनी वाधवा : भारतीय लोक प्रशासन
- 38. एंस वाधवा : भारतीय राजनीति और प्रशासन
- 39. सुरेन्द्र कटारिया : भारत में लोक प्रशासन

# M.A. (FINAL) EXAMINATION

# PAPER V: POLITICAL ANALYSIS AND RESEARCH METH-ODOLOGY

#### **Duration: 3 Hours**

#### Maximum Marks: 100

Note: Each theory paper is divided into 3 independent units. The question paper will be divided into 3 parts, Part-A, Part-B and Part-C. Part-A (20 marks) is compulsory and contains 10 questions atleast 3 questions from each unit each question is of 2 marks (20 words). Part-B (20 marks) is

compulsory and will contain 5 questions, at least 1 from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt all 5 questions. Each question is of 4 marks (50 words). Part-C (60 marks) contains 6 questions, 2 from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt 3 questions, 1 from each unit. Each question is of 20 marks (400 words)

#### UNIT-I

Political Analysis: Meaning, Need, Nature.

Method of Political Analysis: Philosophical and Scientific.

Models of Explanations: Easton's System Approach, Almond's Functional Approach, Shift from Policy analysis to applied politics

Trends in Political Analysis: Positivism and Neo-Positivism

Behavioral and Post Behavioral Movement: End of Fact Value Debate

#### UNIT-II

State of Political Theory: Decline of Political Theory: Arguments of Easton and Cobban

Resurgence of Political Theory: Berlin & Strauss

Birth of New Political Science: Reaffirmation of Norms in Empirical Political Theory

Debate about end of Ideology and History

Scientific Enquiry in Social Science: Definition, Scope, Goals & limitations

Planning of Major Steps, Hypothesis, Research Design

#### UNIT-III

Techniques of Data Collection: Observation, Questionnaire, Schedule, Interview of Case Study

Sampling: Meaning, Types & hair uses

Distributive average- Mean, Mode and Median

Data Analysis: Coding, Tabulation, Interpretation

Techniques of Report Writing: Organized Paragraph, Chapters, Footnotes, References and Bibliography.

#### Recommended Readings:

- Arnold Brecht: Political Theory
- B. N. Ghosh: Scientific methods and Social Research, Sterling, New Delhi, 1982\
- 3. Charlesworth: Contemporary Political Analysis
- Cobban: 'The Decline of Political Theory', Political Science Quarterly, 1953, LXVIII, pp.321-337
- D. Easton: The Political System- An Enquiry into the State of Political Science
- D. Germino: Beyond Ideology: The Revival of Political Theory, New York, Harper and Row, 1967
- 7. D. Held: Political Theory: An Introduction, London, Macmillan, 1999

## M.D.S.U. Syaliabus / M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE / 15

- David Marsh and Gerry Stoker: Theory and Methods in Political Science, Macmillan's Publishing, U.K., 2001
- F. Fukuyama: The End of History and the Last Man, Harmondsworth, Penguins, 1992
- Ernest Gellner and Ce'sar Cansino, (d) Liberations in Modem Times Budapest, 1996
- 11. Goode and Halt Methods in Social Research
- 12. James Charles Worth: Contemporary Political Analysis
- 13. LS.Rathore: In Defense of Political Theory
- 14. Lasswell & Kaplan: Power and Society-A framework of Political enquiry
- 15. P.V. Young: Scientific Social Survey & Research
- 16. Pennock & Smith: Political Science-An Introduction
- Ravinder, Kumar (ed), Philosophical Theory of Social Reality Affiared, New Delhi, 1984
- 18. R.B. Jain and J.S. Bains: Contemporary Political Theory
- 19. R.N. Trivedi: Research Methodology (Hindi & English)
- 20. Robert Dahl: Modern Political Analysis
- 21. Rowland Young: Approaches to the Study of Politics
- 22. Runciman: Social Science and Political Theory
- S.R. Bajpai, Methods of Social Survey and Research, Kitabghar, Kanpur, 1980. A.K. Bose, Research Methodology, ICSSR, New Delhi, 1995
- S.P. Verma: Modem Political Theory (Hindi and English) T.S. Kuhn, The Structure of Scientific Revolutions, Chicago, 1970
- 25. Sartori: Democratic Theory
- 26. Vernon Van Dyke: Political Science-A Philosophical Analysis
- 27. बी.एम. जैन : अनुसंघान प्रविधि
- 28. एस.एल. वर्मा : राजनीति विज्ञान में अनुसंधान
- 29. सी.बी. गैना : आधुनिक राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त
- 30. गणेश पाण्डेय : अनुसंधान प्रविधि
- 31. नरेश दाधीच : जॉन रॉल्स का न्याय का सिद्धान्त, अविष्कार पब्लिशर्स, जयपुर
- 32. लीलाराम गुर्जर : समसामयिक पाश्चात्य राजनीतिक चिन्तक, मनोहर पब्लिशर्स, नई दिल्ली, 1999
- 33. लक्ष्मण सिंह राठौड : राजीनतिक सिद्धान्त बौद्धिक शैलिया।
- 34. एस.पी. वर्मा : आधुनिक राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त

# PAPER VI: THEORIES OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS AND CONTEMPORARY POLITICAL ISSUES

**Duration: 3 Hours** 

Maximum Marks: 100

Note: Each theory paper is divided into 3 independent units. The question paper will be divided into 3 parts, Part-A, Part-B and Part-C. Part-A (20 marks) is compulsory and contains 10 questions atleast 3 questions from each unit each question is of 2 marks (20 words). Part-B (20 marks) is compulsory and will contain 5 questions, atleast 1/from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt all 5 questions. Each question is of 4 marks (50 words). Part-C (60 marks) contains 6 questions, 2 from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt 3 questions, 1 from each unit. Each question is of 20 marks (400 words)

#### UNIT-I

Introduction:

Meaning, Nature, Scope of International Relations, Approaches to the Study of International Relations

Idealist, Realist, System, Game, Communication

Actors of International Relations: State and other players

National Power:

Meaning, Elements and Limitation

Struggle for Power: As a Status-Quo, Imperialism and Prestige, for Retaining and Demonstration

Balance of Power: Meaning, Characteristics and Devices for maintaining Balance of Power Collective Security

National Interest: Formulation and Promotions

Ideology: Meaning, Role and Relevance

UNIT-II

Contemporary Political Issues:

Non Alignment Movement (NAM): Basic, Role and Relevance

Cold War: Causes, Phases, Impact of End of Cold War on World Politics International Organisations: Demoralisation of the United Nations (UN), Relevance of UN in the changing world

Regional Organisation: SAARC, ASEAN, European Union (EU)

Trends and issues in Foreign Policies:

Basic features, Principles, Determinants, Main issues and Current Development of Foreign Policies of USA, China, Russia and India

India and the World:

India's role in NAM, UN & Regional Organisation, World economic depression, India's role in maintaining relations with Neighbouring Countries, India's Nuclear Policy

UNIT-III

Restructuring of World Order: Key issues

- · Hegemony and Multi-polarity
- · India-China-Russia Triangle
- World Trade Organisation(WTO)
- Challenge to Nation State
- Liberalisation, Globalisation, Privatisation, Great Economic Depression

#### M.D.S.U. Syallabus /M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE / 17

- Global Terrorism
- Environmental issues
- Disarmament: Non Proliferation treaty (NPT), Comprehensive Test Ban Treaty (CTBT)
- Human Rights

- 1. AF.K. Organski: World Politics
- Asthana, Vandana: India's Foreign Policy and Subcontinental Politics, 1999
- 3. Bilgrami, S.J. R.: Current Issues in International Politics, 1997
- 4. Charles P. Schelechar: International Relations
- 5. Hans J. Morgenthau: Politics Among Nations
- G.K. Pagase. International Politics in new world order, Cyber Tech, New Delhi. 2009
- J.A. Tickner: Gendering World Politics: Issues and Approaches in the Post Cold War Era, New York, Columbia University Press, 2001
- Anderson, C.Brook and A.Cockrane (eds.): A Global World? Re-ordering Political Space, Oxford University Press, 1995
- J. Frankel: Contemporary International Theory and the Behaviour of States, New York, Oxford University Press, 1973
- J.Frankel: International Politics: Conflict and Harmony, London Penguin, 1969
- J.Frankel: The Making of Foreign Policy, London, Oxford University Press, 1963
- J. McCormick: The Global Environment Movement, London. Belhaven, 1989
- James E. Dougherty and Robert, L. Pfatzgaff: Contending theories of International Relations
- James N.Rosenau: The Scientific study of foreign Policy. (France Pinter, London, Nichols, Publishers, New York.)
- 15. James N.Rosenau: International Politics and Foreign Policy
- 16. John Herz: International Politics in the Atomic Age
- 17. Joseph Frankel: International Politics- Conflict and Harmony
- M. Bowker and R.Brown (eds.), From Cold War to Collapse, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1993
- 19. M.Albrow and E. King (eds.), The Global Age, Cambridge, Polity; 1996
- 20. M.Cranston, What are Human Rights? London, Bodley Head, 1973
- 21. Mahendra Kumar: Theoretical Aspect of International Politics
- Norman Palmer and Howard Perkins: International Relations-The World Community in Transition

- 18 M.D.S.U. Syallabus / M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE
- 23. P. Allan and K. Goldman (eds.), The End of the Cold War, Dordrecht, Martinus Nijhofl, 1992
- 24. Quincy Wright: The Study of International Relations
  - Rajan Kumar Mishra: International Relations and Political Alliances, Kanishka Publications, New Delhi
- 26. Ranitripathi, Manjul: India Foreign Policy on Diplomatic Recognition State and Government, D.K. Publishers, New Delhi
- 27. Roy C. Macridis: Foreign Policy in World Politics
- Samuel P. Huntington: The Clash of Civilisations and Remaking of World Order(Penguin Books, 1996)
- 29. Sujatha, Ramcharit: United Nations and World Politics, 1998
- 30. Treyor Taylor: Approaches and Theory of International Relations
- Uddin Shams: "Perspective on the emerging World Order" (Gyan Publishing House, New Delhi, 1995)
- 32. शर्मा प्रभूदत : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय राजनीति की पृष्ठभूमि
- 33. महेन्द्र कुमार : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय राजनीति के सैद्धान्तिक पक्ष
- 34. बी.एम. जैन : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय सम्बन्ध
- 35. एस.एल. नागोरी और कान्ता नागौरी : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय सम्बन्ध का सर्वेक्षण
- 36: डॉ. बी.एम. जैन : प्रमुख देशों की विदेश नीतियाँ
- 37. डॉ. एस.सी. सिंघल : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय सम्बन्ध
- 38. ं डॉ. फड़िया : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय सम्बन्ध
- 39. डॉ. पी.डी. शर्मा : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय राजनीति

# GROUPA: INTERNATIONAL POLITICS

# PAPER (I): PUBLIC INTERNATIONAL LAW

**Duration: 3 Hours** 

Maximum Marks: 100

Note: Each theory paper is divided into 3 independent units. The question paper will be divided into 3 parts, Part-A, Part-B and Part-C. Part-A (20 marks) is compulsory and contains 10 questions atleast 3 questions from each unit each question is of 2 marks (20 words). Part-B (20 marks) is compulsory and will contain 5 questions, atleast 1 from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt all 5 questions. Each question is of 4 marks (50 words). Part-C (60 marks) contains 6 questions, 2 from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt 3 questions, 1 from each unit. Each question is of 20 marks (400 words)

#### UNIT-I

Nature and Scope of International Law, Sources of International Law, Relation between International Law and Municipal Law, Various theories.

# M.D.S.U. Syallabus / M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE / 19

Historical Evolution and Factors helping the growth of International Law, Emergence of Super Powers and Countries of the III World and their impact on International Law, different schools of International Law. Codification of International Law UNIT-II

The Law of Peace: States: Sovereign States and Partly Sovereign States; Neutralised States. State Territory; modes of acquisition and loss of State territory; States Succession; Recognition of States. Self Defence; Intervention; Doctrine of necessity and self preservation.

Subject of International Law-States and Individuals, nationality; Diplomatic Agents and Consuls; International Responsibility of States, Treaties. Jurisdiction: Limits on State's Jurisdiction, Asylum and Extradition. International Organisation: History, League of Nations; Permanent Court of Justice; International Court of Justice; Leading Cases; United Nations and its contribution to International Law, Settlement of International Disputes: Amicable and compulsive

#### UNIT-III

Laws of War: Definition and Nature of War, Declaration of war, Effects of War, Modes of Termination of War, Belligerency and Insurgency; Enemy character of person, Property, Corporation, etc.

Warfare on land, Belligerent occupation, etc., Warfare on Sea, Prizes Courts, Aerial Warfare and Nuclear Warfare, War Crimes, Doctrine of Postlinium, The Law of Neutrality: Neutrality, its definition and kinds, Evolution of Neutrality, Neutrals and belligerents. Duties of neutrals and Belligerents, Angary, Blockade and Contraband

Unneutral Service and Right of Visit and Search, Doctrine of Continuous Voyage

- Oppenheim: International Law, Vols. I & II
- 2. Fenwick: International Law
- 3. Stark: International Law
- 4. Kelson: Principles of International Law
- 5. Gould: An Introduction to International Law
- 6. Frendman: The Changing Structure of International Law
- 7. Richard A. Falk: The Status of Law in International Society
- 8. Nagendra Singh: Recent trends in the Development to International Law
- 9. Vasscher: Theory and Reality in International Law
- Arun Chaturvedi: Contemporary Diplomacy in Contemporary International Relations
- 11. Pitt Cobbet: Case on International Law
- 12. Green: International Law through Cases

13. J. Stone: Legal Control of International Conflicts

14. Jenks: The Common Law of Mankind

15. शील कान्ता आसोपा : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय विधि

16. एम.पी. टण्डन : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय विधि

17. एस.के. कपूर : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय विधि

18. अरूण चतुर्वेदी : विमलेन्दु तायल : नए राष्ट्र व अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय विधि

#### **GROUP-A: INTERNATIONAL POLITICS**

# PAPER-II: THEORY AND PRACTICE OF DIPLOMACY

#### **UNIT-I**

Origin, Nature, Development, Objective of Diplomacy, Evolution of Diplomacy as a Weapon and tool of National Power, Evolution of Diplomatic Practices; Greek, Roman, French and Italian Schools of Diplomacy; Indian School of Diplomacy-Constitution of Smritis; Epics and Neetigranths; Functions of Diplomacy; Diplomatic Agents-Classes, Privileges and Immunities, Position with regard to Third State; Diplomatic Body; Principles of Precedence, Credentials and Full Power; Ideal Diplomat

#### UNIT-II

Types of Diplomacy, Democratic Diplomacy, Parliamentary Diplomacy, Summit Diplomacy, Conference Diplomacy, Personal and Coalition Diplomacy, Old and New Diplomacy, New Techniques and recent developments in Diplomacy, Diplomacy of Non-Alignment, UN Diplomacy, Propaganda in Modern Diplomacy, Diplomacy during War and Peace, Indian Diplomacy, Consular Agents and their functions

#### UNIT-III

International Meetings and Transactions, Treaties, Forms, Objectives and Classifications, Treaties and their different Aspects-Concordant, Additional Articles, Final Act, Process Verbal, Ratification; Accession; Reservation and Termination, Language of Diplomatic Intercourse and forms of Documents, Significance and Changing Role of Diplomacy; Future of Diplomacy; Foreign Policy and Diplomacy; Foreign Service and Foreign Office with Special Reference to the Organisation and Functions of the Ministry of External Affairs in India Recommended Readings:

- Nicholson Diplomacy
- 2. Nicholson: Evolution of Diplomatic Methods
- 3. Saltow: Guide to Diplomatic Practice
- 4. Pannikar: Principles and Practice of Diplomacy
- 5. Roy, M. P. :Rajnay Siddhant and Vyavahar (Hindi Granth Academy, Jaipur)
- 6. Krishnamurthhy: Dynamics of Diplomacy

#### M.D.S.U. Syallabus /M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE / 21

- 7. Girija Mukerjee: French School Diplomacy
- 8. Thayer: Diplomat
- 9. Rayter: Diplomacy of the Great Powers
- 10. Regalia: Trends in Diplomatic Practice
- 11. Kenney A. L.: Diplomacy Old and New
- 12. Arun Chaturvedi: Con. Diplomacy law in Contemporary Int. Relations
- 13. अरूण चतुर्वेदी : नये राष्ट्र व अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय विधि
- 14. विमलेन्द्र तायल आर.सी. खण्डेलवाल : राजनय के सिद्धान्त और व्यवहार

#### GROUP-B: PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

### PAPER (I): INDIAN ADMINISTRATION

#### **Duration: 3 Hours**

Maximum Marks: 100

Note: Each theory paper is divided into 3 independent units. The question paper will be divided into 3 parts, Part-A, Part-B and Part-C. Part-A (20 marks) is compulsory and contains 10 questions atleast 3 questions from each unit each question is of 2 marks (20 words). Part-B (20 marks) is compulsory and will contain 5 questions, atleast 1 from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt all 5 questions. Each question is of 4 marks (50 words). Part-C (60 marks) contains 6 questions, 2 from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt 3 questions, 1 from each unit. Each question is of 20 marks (400 words)

#### UNIT-I

Evolution of Indian Administration- Kautilya, Mughal period & British legacy. Constitutional framework: Political Structure and Administration.

President, Prime Minister and Council of Ministers.

Structure of Central Administration: Cabinet Secretariat, Prime Minister's Office, Central Secretariat, Major Ministries & Departments
UNIT-II

Public Services: All India Services, Central Services, Union Public Service Commission. Training in the Changing context of governance. Relationship between Political and Permanent Executive, Generalist and Specialist in

Administration

Economic Administration: Center - State Financial Relations - Finance Commission, Economic Liberalisation and Globalization and Impact on Administration.

#### UNIT-III

Composition and Working of Planning Commission and National Development Council, Impact of Planning on Federalism

Administrative Reforms, Reforms since Independence, Reports of the Administrative Reforms Commission, Recommendations of the Sarkaria Com-

- 22 M.D.S.U. Syallabus / M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE mission, Machinery for the Removal of the Citizen's Grievances in India, e-Governance, Citizen's Charter and Right to Information Recommended Readings:
- 1. A. D. Gorwale: Report on Public Administration, 1951
- Administrative Reforms Commission(Chairman: K. Hanumantahiya), Report on Economic Administration, Delhi, the Manager of Publications, 1968
- Arora and others (eds.); Indian Administrative System
- 4. Ashok Chanda: Indian Administration
- 5. B. B. Mishra: Government and Bureaucracy in India
- C. P. Bhambri: Bureaucracy and Politics in India, Delhi, Vikas Publications, 1971
- 7. Hoshiar Singh and Mohendra Singh: Public Administration in India
- Hoshiar Singh(ed.), Expanding Horizons of Public Administration, Aalekh Publishers, Jaipur, 2005
- M. Ruthnaswami: Some influences that Made The British Administration in India
- M. S. Adiseshiah: Centre-State Relations in Economic and Social Planning, IASSI Quarterly, 13(4), April-Jaunuary, 1995
- Mohit Bhattacharya: Bureaucracy and Development Administration, New Delhi, Uppal, 1978
- 12. P. N. Sinha: Challenge and Change in Indian Administration
- 13. Parmatma Sharan: Public Administration in India
- Paul H. Appleby: Re-examination of India's Administrative System (Govt. of India, 1923)
- Paul H. Appleby: Re-examination of India's Administrative System (Govt. of India, 1996)
- R. Brickner and R. M. Cope: The Planning Process, New Delhi, Prentice Hall, 1979
- R. B. Jain: Public Administration in India: 21st century Challenges for the Good Government (Deep and Deep, 2002)
- 18. R. B. Jain: Contemporary Issues in Indian Administration
- R. Baribanti and J. J. Spengler(eds.): Administration and Economic Development in India, Durban, Duke University Press, 1963
- R. K. Arora(ed.): Administrative Change in India, Aalekh Publishers, Jaipur, 1974
- 21. S. K. Khanna: Indian Administration: Problems and Attitude
- 22. S. L. Kaushik and others(eds.): Public Administration in India
- 23. S. R. Maheshwari: Indian Administration

- 24. S.S. Khera: District Administration in India
- 25. S. Khera: Government in Business
- 26. आर.एस. दरडा : भारत में लोक प्रशासन
- 27. पी.डी. शर्मा : भारत में लोक प्रशासन
- 28. बी.एल. फडिया : भारत में लोक प्रशासन
- 29. होशियार सिंह : भारतीय प्रशासन (किताब महल, नई दिल्ली)
- 30. सुरेन्द्र कटारिया : भारत में लोक प्रशासन
- 31. एस.सी. मेहता : भारतीय प्रशासन
- 32. अवस्थी एवं अवस्थी : भारतीय प्रशासन
- 33. डॉ. एस.आर. माहेश्वरी : भारतीय प्रशासन : इसका विकास
- 34. अवस्थी एवं अवस्थी : भारत में लोक प्रशासन (हिन्दी और अंग्रेजी)

# PAPER-II: LOCAL SELF GOVERNMENT & DEVELOP-MENT ADMINISTRATION IN INDIA

**Duration: 3 Hours** 

Maximum Marks: 100

Note: Each theory paper is divided into 3 independent units. The question paper will be divided into 3 parts, Part-A, Part-B and Part-C. Part-A (20 marks) is compulsory and contains 10 questions atleast 3 questions from each unit each question is of 2 marks (20 words). Part-B (20 marks) is compulsory and will contain 5 questions, atleast 1 from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt all 5 questions. Each question is of 4 marks (50 words). Part-C (60 marks) contains 6 questions, 2 from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt 3 questions, 1 from each unit. Each question is of 20 marks (400 words)

#### **UNIT-I**

. Meaning and Importance of Local Self Government, Evolution of Local Self Government in India: Characteristics of 73rd and 74th Constitutional Amendment Acts

Rural Local Self Government with Special Reference to Rajasthan-Composition, Functions and Role of Gram Sabha, Panchayat Samities and Zila Parishad, Role and functions of Vikas Adhikari and Chief Executive Officer UNIT-II

Urban Local Self Government with Special Reference to Rajasthan-Composition, Functions and role of municipalities and Municipal Corporations, State Finance Commission, State Control over Local Bodies

Machinery of Development at Local Level-Decentralized Planning-machinery and impact, Role of NGOs (Voluntary Agencies) in Development, Bureaucracy and development at Grassroot Level UNIT-III

Trends and Problems of Local Self Government: New Trends in People's Self Development and Empowerment; Electoral Politics at Local Lével and Role of State Election Commission: Rural Development Programmes and Problems of Implementation; Impact of Panchayati Raj on Developmental Process.

#### Recommended Readings:

- 1. A.B. Agrawal: Municipal Government in India
- A.Bajpai, and M.S. Verma: Panchayati Raj in India: A New Thrust, Delhi, Sahtiya Prakashan, 1995
- A. Bajpai: Panchayati Raj and Rural Development, Delhi, Sahitya Prakashan, 1997.
- 4. C.P. Bhambari: Municipalities and their Finances
- 5. C.P. Bhambri: Administration in Changing Society, Delhi, National, 1978.
- D. Thakur and S.N. Singh (eds.): District Planning and Panchayati Raj, New Delhi, Deep and Deep, 1991.
- G.F. Grant: Development Administration: Concepts, Goals, Methods, Madison, University of Wisconsin, 1979.
- 8. G.Ram Reddy: Pattern of Panchayati Raj in India, Delhi, Macmillian, 1977.
- 9. M.P. Sharma: Local Self Government in India
- M.S. Adiseshiah et. al.: Decentralized Planning and Panchayati Raj, New Delhi, Institute of Social Science 1994.
- N.Bava: The Social Science Perspective & Method of Public Administration: Policy
   Development Administration Approach, New Delhi, Uppal, 1992.
- O.P. Dwivedi: Development Administration: From Underdeveloped to Sustainable Development, Houndmills, Macmillian, 1994.
- 13. P. D. Sharma: Rural Local Administration.
- 14. P.C. Mathur: Political Dynamics of Panchayati Raj, New Delhi, Konark, 1991
- P.C. Mathur and RakeshAuaja (eds): District and Decentralised Planning, Jaipur, Aalekh Publishers, 1996
- R.K. Arora and S. Sharma (eds.): Comparative & Development Administration: Ideas & Action, Jaipur, Arihant, 1992.
- 17. R.V.P. Singh: Financing of Panchayati Raj Institutions, New Delhi, Deep and Deep, 1993
- S.Kaushik : Women and Panchayati Raj, New Delhi, Har-Anand Publications, 1993.
- 19. S.Maheshwari: Local Government in india, Agra, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal, 1996.
- S.N. Jha, and P.C. Mathur: Decentralization and Local Politics, New Delhi, Sage.1999.
- S. N. Mishra: Panchayat Raj, Bureaucracy and Rural Development, New Delhi, Indian Institute of Public Administration, 1986
- 22. S. N. Mishra: Rural Development and Panchayati Raj, New Delhi, Concept, 1981

# M.D.S.U. Syallabus /M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE / 25

- 23. S. R. Maheshwari: Local Government in India
- 24. T. N. CHaturvedi (ed.): Local Government, New Delhi, Indian Institute of Public Administration, 1984
- T.N. Chaturvedi and R.B. Jain: Panchayati Raj, new Delhi, Indian Institute of Public Administration, 1981
- U.B. Singh: Revitalised Urban Administration in India (Ed.), Kalpaz Publications, Delhi
- B. C. Barik, Panchayati Raj Institutions and Rural Development, Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 2007
- Yatindra Singh Sisodia: Experiment of Direct Democracy, Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 2007
- Rakesh Hooja and Meenakshi Hooja, Democratic Decentralisation and Planning, Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 2007
- 30. रविन्द्र शर्मा : स्थानीय ग्रामीण प्रशासन
- 31. श्री राम माहेश्वरी : भारत में स्थानीय शासन
- 32. शालिनी वाधवा : भारतीय स्थानीय प्रशासन, 2003
- 33. पी.पी. गौर और आर. के. मराठा : लोकतांत्रिक विकेन्द्रीयाकरण और ग्रामीण विकास
- 34. श्री नाथ सिंह और मनोज कुमार : पंचायती राज और ग्रामीण विकास
- 35. अशोक शर्मा : भारत में स्थानीय प्रशासन
- 36. सुरेन्द्र कटारिया : ग्रामीण विकास एवं पंचायती राज

## **GROUP-C: INDIAN POLITICS**

# PAPER-I: FEDERALISM AND STATE POLITICS IN INDIA

### Duration: 3 Hours

# Maximum Marks: 100

Note: Each theory paper is divided into 3 independent units. The question paper will be divided into 3 parts, Part-A, Part-B and Part-C. Part-A (20 marks) is compulsory and contains 10 questions atleast 3 questions from each unit each question is of 2 marks (20 words). Part-B (20 marks) is compulsory and will contain 5 questions, atleast 1 from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt all 5 questions. Each question is of 4 marks (50 words). Part-C (60 marks) contains 6 questions, 2 from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt 3 questions, 1 from each unit. Each question is of 20 marks (400 words)

#### UNIT-I

Theoretical framework for the study of State Politics within the framework of the Indian Constitution, Evolution of States in India Linguistic States and the States Reorganisation

Socio-Economic determinants of state Politics, Practice and Patterns of

2 6M.D.S.U. Syaliabus / M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE State Politics; Emerging trends in State Politics in India.

The Indian Federal System: Background, Evolution and Nature of Federalism in India: Developments in Indian Federalism since 1947; Center-State Relations-Legislative Administrative and Financial Relations; Economic Planning and Federalism; The Party System and Political Dynamics of Federalism; Demands for greater Autonomy for States; Trends and Problems in the working of Center- State relations; An overview of the recommendations of the Commission on Center-State Relations. UNIT-II

State Government: The office of the Governor- Mode of Appointment, Powers and functions; Role of Governor in State Politics and Constitutional

The office of the Chief Minister Power and functions and emerging role in State Politics; The Council of Ministers in State Politics; The State Legislature-Its organisation, functions and emerging role in State Politics.

Defections and State Politics in India with reference to the study of the Politics of defections in Haryana, Rajasthan and Bihar.

Coalition Politics in the Indian States with reference to the study of working of coalition governments in Kerala, West Bengal and Uttar Pradesh.

Role of Regional Political Parties in India with reference to the study of the Akali Dal, the Telugu Desham and AIADMK.

State Politics in Rajasthan- Integration of Princely States and Emergence of modern Rajasthan: Princes in Rajasthan Politics; Electoral Politics and Political developments in Rajasthan; Political Parties in Rajasthan; Role of opposition in Rajasthan Vidhan Sabha; Caste and Politics in Rajasthan; Main features of State Politics in Rajasthan.

Recommended Readings:

- Ashok Chanda; Federalism in India: A Study of Union- State Relations
- B.L. Panagariya: State Polities in India 2.
- Baldevraj Nayar: Minority Politics in Punjab 3.
- 4. Hardgrave: The Dravidian Movement
- I. N. Tewari: State Politics in India 5.
- 6. Iqbal Narain (ed.): State Politics in India
- 7. K. L. Kamal: Spotlight on Rajasthan Politics
- K. R. Bombwall: The Foundations of Indian Federalism 8.
- 9. Myron Weiner (ed.): State Politics in India.
- Myron Weiner and John Osgood Field (eds.): Electoral Politics in the .01 Indian States (4 vols.)
- Paul Brass: Factional Politics in an Indian State
- Paul Wallace and Surendra Chopra (eds.): Political Dynamics of Punjab (4 vols.)

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- Richard Sission: The Congress Party in Rajasthan: Political Integration and Institution Building in an Indian State
- Santhanam: Union-State Relations in India
- Subhash Kashyap: The Politics of defection: A study of State Politics in India 15.
- Sudha Pai: State Politics- New Dimensions 16.
- 17. V. P. Menon: The Story of Integration of Indian States
- उम्मेद सिंह इन्द्रा : भारत में राज्य-राजनीति 18.
- नीना राठौड : भारत में राजनैतिक दल 19.
- रूपा मंगलानी : भारतीय शासन एवं राजनीति 20.

# PAPER-II: POLITICAL PARTIES AND ELECTORAL POLI-TICS IN INDIA

**Duration: 3 Hours** 

Maximum Marks: 100

Note: Each theory paper is divided into 3 independent units. The question paper will be divided into 3 parts, Part-A, Part-B and Part-C. Part-A (20 marks) is compulsory and contains 10 questions atleast 3 questions from each unit each question is of 2 marks (20 words). Part-B (20 marks) is compulsory and will contain 5 questions, atleast 1 from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt all 5 questions. Each question is of 4 marks (50 words). Part-C (60 marks) contains 6 questions, 2 from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt 3 questions, 1 from each unit. Each question is of 20 marks (400 words)

#### UNIT-I

Party System in India, Origins of Political Parties: From the Indian National Congress in 1885 to the Present System- Nature of Party System in the Post Independent India, Classification of Political Parties-National Political Parties: Their origin, programme, organisation, and support base.

Salient features of the party System in India, Emerging Bipolar Party System in India

Regional Political Parties: Their origin, programme, organisation, and support base, Patterns of interaction between National and Regional Political Parties UNIT-II

Pressure Groups in Indian Politics: Historical Background. Types of Pressure Groups in India. Major Pressure Groups with special reference to Trade Unions, Chambers of Commerce, Agrarian Interest Group, Human Rights and Environmental movements/groups, Salient features of the Indian Model of Pressure Groups, Majoritarian Parliamentary System vs. Representative Parliamentary System.

#### UNIT-III

Electoral System in India since 1950, Election Commission of India, Powers, Functions and Emerging Role, Electoral Politics, Lok Sabha Elections, Elec-

toral Politics and Vidhan Sabha Elections, Elections and the Process of politicisation, Anti-Defection Law: A Critical Study, Problems of Election Commission in conducting Free and Fair Election.

Defects and Reforms of the Electoral Process: Tarkunde, Goswami and Indrajit Gupta Reports. Code of Conduct for Free and Fair Elections, Determinants of Voting Behaviour

#### Recommended Readings:

- A. Bajpyee: Indian Electoral System: An Analytical Study, New Delhi, Nardeen Book Center, 1992.
- 2. A.K. Bhagat: Elections and Electoral Reforms in India, Delhi, Vikas, 1996
- Burger: Opposition in a Dominant Party System, Berkeley, University of California Press, 1969.
  - B.Arora: Political Parties and Party System: The Emergence of New Coalitions, memo, Dec., 1979.
- B.Sengupta: CPI-M: Promises, Prospects and Problems, New Delhi, Young Asia, 1979.
- B. Sengupta: Communism in Indian Politics, New York, Columbia University Press, 1972.
- C. Baxter: The Jana Sangh: A Biography of an Indian Party, Philadelphia, University of Pennsylvania Press, 1969.
- C. Fuller and C.Jafferlot (eds.): The BJP and the Compulsions of Politics in India, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1998.
- 9. H.Hartman: Political Parties in India, Meerut, Meenakshi Prakashn, 1980
- M.D. Palmer: Elections and Political Development: The South Asian Experience, New Delhi, Vikas, 1976
- M.L. Franda and P. Brass (eds.): Radical Politics in South Asia, Cambridge Massachusetts, MIT, 1973.
- M. Weiner: Party Building in a New Nation: The Indian National Congress, Chicago, University of Chicago Press, 1967.
- 13. M. Weiner: Party Politics in India, Princeton NJ, Princeton University Press, 1957.
- P.Brass: Caste, Faction and Party in Indian Politics, vols.2, Delhi, Chanakya Publications, 1984-1985
- P.Brass: Factional politics in a Indian State: The Congress Party in Uttar Pradesh, Berkeley, University of California Press, 1966.
- 16. P.C. Mathur: Social Bases ofIndian Politics, Aalekh, Jaipur, 1985
- R.Kothari: "The Congress System Revisited: A Decennial Review" Asian Survey, 14/12, 1974.
- R.Kothari: Party System and Election Studies, Bombay, Asia Publishing House, 1967.
- 19. S.Kaushik: Election in India: Its Social Bases, New Delhi, K.P. Bagchi and Co.1982.

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- S.Kochanek: The Congress Party of India: The Dynamics of One Party Democracy, Princeton: Princeton University Press, 1968.
- 21. S.L. Shakdher: Electoral Reforms in India; New Delhi, National, 1992
- S.L. Shakdher: The Law and Practice of Elections in India, New Delhi, National, 1992.
- 23. V.Grover (ed.): Election and Politics in India, New Delhi, Deep and Deep, 1989.

#### PAPER-IX: HUMAN RIGHTS AND DUTIES

Duration: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 100

Note: Each theory paper is divided into 3 independent units. The question paper will be divided into 3 parts, Part-A, Part-B and Part-C. Part-A (20 marks) is compulsory and contains 10 questions atleast 3 questions from each unit each question is of 2 marks (20 words). Part-B (20 marks) is compulsory and will contain 5 questions, atleast 1 from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt all 5 questions. Each question is of 4 marks (50 words). Part-C (60 marks) contains 6 questions, 2 from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt 3 questions, 1 from each unit. Each question is of 20 marks (400 words)

#### UNIT-I

Meaning, Nature and Perspectives of Human Rights and Duties: Basic Concepts- Individual, Group, State, Civil Society, Liberty, Equality, Justice and Violence.

Human values: Humanity, Compassion and Virtues.

Different Perspectives: Liberal- Locke, Rousseau, J.S. Mill and A. V. Dicey.

Marxian Perspectives- Marx, Gramsci, Rosa Laxemburg, Gandhian Perspective- Ruskin, Thoreau, Tolstoy

Dalit Perspective- Phule and Ambedkar

#### UNIT-II

Human Rights and Duties: Origin and Evolution, Natural, Civil and Political Rights: Individual vis-a-vis Society and State. The Contribution of Magna Carta, American Bill of Rights, the French Revolution and its Goals,

Marxist Revolution and Freedom Movements-

Universal Declaration of Human Rights (1948) and Universal Declaration of Human Responsibilities, International Conventions and Declarations relating to specific groups (Woman, Child, Minorities, Refugees) and matters (Religious Freedom, Torture, Sexual and Racial Discrimination.

Universal Human Rights: Context and Concerns, Universal Declaration of Human Rights, International Covenant on Civil, Political, Economic, Social and Cultural Rights

#### UNIT-III

Philosophical postulates of India's Constitution; Constitutional Vision and Role of the State, Constitutional Vision of Freedom (Fundamental Rights),

Constitutional Vision of Justice (Directive Principles of State Policy), Constitution and Duties

State Enforcement Agencies: National Human Rights Commission, State Human Rights Commission, Human Rights and Courts, NGOs and Human Rights Movements, Amnesty International, Asia Watch, People's Union for Civil Liberties (PUCL), and People's Union for Democratic Rights (PUDR), Judicial Activism and Public Interest Litigation, Legislation for weaker sections and enforcements, Human Rights and Law Enforcing Agencies

#### Recommended Reading:

- A. A. An-Naim(ed.): Human Rights in cross cultural perspectives, Philadelphia, University of Pennsylvania, 1991
- A. Goewirth: Human Rights: Essays on Justification and Application, Chicago and London, University of Chicago Press, 1982
- 3. B. P. S. Sehgal: Human Rights in India: Problems and Perspectives
- 4. D. D. Basu: Human Rights in Constitutional Law, Prentice Hall
- Danjeli Yael, Else Stamatopoulon and Clarenaca J. Dias (ed.): The Universal Declaration of Human Rights: Fifty Years and Beyond
- 6. Edward Lawson: The Encyclopedia of Human Rights(2nd ed.)
- 7. Independence
- J. Nirmal Chiranjive: Human Rights in India. Historical, Social and Political Perspective.
- J. C. Johari: Human Rights and New World Order: Towards perfection of the Democratic Way of Life
- 10. K. P. Saxena: Human Rights: Fifty Years of India's
- 11. Lalit Parmar: Human Rights
- 12. Mehersy Begum: Human Rights in India: Issues and Perspectives
- 13. N. Sanajaoba: Human Rights: Principal Practices and Abuses
- 14. N. R. Sharone: Human Rights in the World
- 15. P. S. Jaswal: Human Rights and the Law
- 16. Rahul Rai: Human Rights: UN Initiatives
- 17. S. Subrahmaniam: Human Rights: International Challenges, Delhi, Manad, 1997
- 18. S. Begum: Human Rights in India- Issues and Perspectives
- 19. Shankar Sen: Human Rights in a Developing Society
- V. Kaushik: Women's movements and Human Rights OR

# PAPER-IX: INDIAN POLITICAL TRADITION

Duration: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 100

Note: Each theory paper is divided into 3 independent units. The question paper will be divided into 3 parts, Part-A, Part-B and Part-C. Part-A (20

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marks) is compulsory and contains 10 questions at least 3 questions from each unit each question is of 2 marks (20 words). Part-B (20 marks) is compulsory and will contain 5 questions, at least 1 from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt all 5 questions. Each question is of 4 marks (50 words). Part-C (60 marks) contains 6 questions, 2 from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt 3 questions, 1 from each unit. Each question is of 20 marks (400 words)

#### UNIT-I

Main features of Ancient Indian Political Thought: Its Philosophical Bases; Ancient Indian View of man and his relation to Society and State. Political Ideas in Vedas; Political Ideas of Buddhist and Jains

Political Ideas in Smrities and Epics: Manusmriti, Ramayan and Mahabharat (With special reference to Shantiparva), Arthashastra of Kautilya

#### UNIT-II

Indian Renaissance- Salient features, Apostle of Indian Renaissance- Raja Ram Mohan Roy: Liberal and Humanist Streak-views about freedom, Law and Morality-evaluation. Active Vedantic Swami Vivekananda: Vedantic Secularism-concept of spiritual nationalism-legacy of Shri Aurobindo-His ideas about nationalism and means of national struggle.

#### UNIT-III

Moderates: Political Ideas of G.K. Gokhale, Challenge of extremism: Political Ideas of Bal Gangadhar Tilak

Nationalism in Politics: Mahatma Gandhi-Satyagraha, Critique of Modern Civilisation, Spiritualisation of Politics, Gandhi's views in rural reconstruction

Dr. B. R. Ambedkar: Philosophy of Dalit politics: Dr. Ram Manohar Lohiya-Socialism, Reconstruction of Indian Polity

- Almust, Ajay Singh Lohia: The Robel Gandhian, Mittal, New Delhi, 1998
- A. T. Embree (ed.): Sources of Indian Tradition: From the beginning to 1800, India, Penguin Books, 1991
- Appadorai: Documents on Political Thought in Modern India (2 vols.), Bombay Oxford University Press, 1970
- Appadorai: Indian Political Thinking Through Ages, Delhi, Khanna Publishers, 1992
- 5. D. B. Mathur: Gokhale: An Autobiography
- 6. Dhawan: Political Philosophy of Mahatma Gandhi
- K. Damodaran: Indian Thought: A Critical Survey, London, Asia Publishing House, 1967
- K. P. Karunakaran: Modern Indian Political Tradition, New Delhi, Allied Publishers, 1962
- 9. K. P. karunakaran: Continuity and change in Indian Politics
- 10. Karan Singh: Aurobindo: the Prophet of Indian Nationalism

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- 11. M. A. Dass: The political Philosophy of Jawahar Lal Nehru
- M. M. Buch: Rise and growth of Indian Liberalism, Rise and Growth of Militant Nationalism
- Parekh, Bhiku, Gandhi's Political Philosophy, A Critical Examination, Ajanta, New Delhi, 1995
- R. A. Sinari: The Structure of Indian Thought, Delhi, Oxford University press, 1989
- 15. Raman Murti- Non Violence in Politics
- 16. Shay- The Legacy of Lokmanya
- T. de Bary: Sources of Indian Tradition, New York, Columbia University Press, 1958
- 18. V. K. Arora: The Social and Political Philosophy of Vivekananda
- V. P. Verma: Modern Indian Political Thought, Agra, Laxmi Narain Aggarwal, 1974
- 20. V. R. Mehta: Foundations of Indian Political Thought, New Delhi, Manohar, 1992
- 21. P.L. Nagar: Modern Indian Social and Political Thought (in Hindi)
- 22. A. R. Desai : Social Background of Indian Nationalism
- 23. V.R. Mehta: Ideology, Modernization and Politics in India
- 24. V.R. Mehta: Foundations of Indian Political Thought
- 25. K.P. Karunakaran: Continuity and Change in Indian Politics
- K.P. Karunakaran: Religion and Political Awakening in India, Meenakshi, Meenut.
- 27. S.A. Wolepert: Tilak and Gokale (Berkeley)
- 28. O.P. Goyal: Studies in Modern Indian Political Thought
- Karan Singh : Aurbindo: The Prophet of Indian Nationalism Allen and Unwin ,Londo
- 30. R.K. Awasthi: Scientific Humanism
- 31. के.एल. कमल : भारतीय राजनीतिक चिन्तन
- 32. श्रीराम वर्मा : भारतीय राजनीतिक विचारक
- 33. बी.आर. पुरोहित : आधुनिक भारतीय राजनीतिक चिन्तन

OR Black caps

Dissertation may be offered in lieu of lXth paper at the final examination by the candidates who have secured at least 55% marks at the M.A. Previous examination. Candidates offering dissertation shall be required to submit the dissertation at least three weeks before the beginning of M.A. Final examination. The dissertation shall carry 100 marks (75 marks for written report and 25 marks for viva- voce). The private candidates shall not be allowed to offer dissertation. NOTE: Two papers in PAPER-IX section have been incorporated from the year

2015-16. The candidate can opt for either 'Human Rights and Duties' OR 'Indian Political Tradition'.

The provisions for Dissertation will be same as the previous academic years