MAHARSHI DAYANAND SARASWATI UNIVERSITY

AJMER

पाठ्यक्रम

SYLLABUS

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION AND

COURSES OF STUDY

FACULTY OF SCIENCE

M.Sc. APPLIED CHEMISTRY

M.Sc. SEMESTER-I -2013

M.Sc. SEMESTER-II-2014

M.Sc. SEMESTER-III-2014

M.Sc. SEMESTER-IV-2015

Edition : 2013

Price: Rs------

महर्षि दयानन्द सरस्वती विश्वविद्यालय, अजमेर

M.Sc. Semester Examination

M.Sc. Applied Chemistry

Scheme of Examination

1. The maximum Marks of each year examination will be 600 and 1200will be total maximum marks for the two years examination. Each yearthere will be two Semesters of 300 marks each.

2. There will be four papers in each Semester. Each paper will have maximum marks of 50 and of 3 hours duration. There will be onePractical Examination of 6 hours duration with maximum 100 marks.

3. There shall be 16 papers in all (Four papers in each Semester and four Semesters in all). Each theory paper shall be of three hours duration having50 marks. Out of 50 marks, 20% marks i.e. 10 marks in each paper shall be of internalassessment based on test, seminars and project work in each paper.

4. Scheme of Examination in Individual Semester and distribution of marks in each paper will be as under:

Curriculum & Scheme of Examination for M.Sc Applied Chemistry

Semester NumberTotal Marks

and Paper Nomenclature

Semester-I

Paper-I	General Chemistry-I	40
Paper-II	General Chemistry-II	40
Paper-III	Spectroscopy-I	40
Paper-IV	Spectroscopy-II	40
Internal Assessment (10 marks for each paper)		40
Paper-V	Practicals	100

Total =300

Semester-II

Paper-VI	Environmental Chemistry	40
Paper-VII	Computer Programming For Chemists	40
Paper-VIII	Diffraction Methods & Spectroscopy	40
Paper-IX	Catalysis & Enzymes	40
Internal Assessment (10 marks for each paper)		40
Paper-X	Practicals	100

Total =300

Semester-III

		Total =300
Paper-XV	Practicals	100
Internal Assessment (10 marks for each paper)		40
Paper-XIV	Industrial Chemistry -II	40
Paper-XIII	Industrial Chemistry -I	40
Paper-XII	Principles of Chemical Engineering	40
Paper- XI	Polymer Processing & Testing	40

Semester-IV

Paper-XVI	Pharmaceutical Chemistry	40
Paper- XVII	Separation Techniques	40
Paper- XVIII	Analytical Methods	40
Paper-XIX	Chemical Analysis	40
Internal Assessment (10 marks for each paper)		40
Paper-XX	Practicals	100

Total =300

Grand Total = 1200

M.Sc. Applied Chemistry Semester- I Examination

PAPER- I GENERAL CHEMISTRY-I

Duration: 3 hours Maximum Marks: 40

Note: - The paper is divided into three independent units. The question paperis divided into three Parts - Part A, Part B and Part C. Part A (8 marks) iscompulsory and contains 8 questions (20 words each). Each question is ofone mark. Part B (8 marks) is compulsory contains four questions at leastone question from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt all four questions.Each question is of two marks (50 words each). Part C (24 marks) containssix questions two from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt threequestions, one from each unit. Each question is of 8 marks (400 words)

Unit-I

Electrochemical Phenomenon and Quantum Mechanics

Redox Systems, electrochemical cells and electrochemical reactions, electrochemical series, Hydrogen electrode.

Primary batteries and Secondary cells, cell characteristic and cell capacity, types of plates and Separators and their significance in lead cells, Batteries for space, Fuel cells, Photovoltaic effect of light solar batteries.

Introduction to corrosion, homogeneous theory, forms of corrosion, corrosionmonitoring and prevention methods.

Basic Principles of Quantum Mechanics: Postulates, Schrodinger Equation to some model systems viz. harmonic oscillator and hydrogen atom, particle in a box.

Unit-II

Crystal defects and Non-Stoichiometry

Perfect and imperfect crystals, intrinsic and extrinsic defects – point defects,line and plane defects, vacancies-Schottky defects and Frenkel defects.Thermodynamics of Schottky and Frenkel defect formation, colour centers,non-stoichiometry and defects. Group Theory: Symmetry elements, point groups, character tables, selection rules, applications.

Unit-III

STEREOCHEMISTRY

Molecular dissymmetry and optical activity, properties of enantiomers, diastereoisomers, racemic modifications, resolution, prochirality, stereogenic centre, stereospecificity, stereoselectivity, chemoselectivity, chemospecificity, regioselectivity and regiospecificity, stereoselective synthesis, factors affecting the stabilities of transition states, intermediates and products .

Books Suggested :

1.Modern Electrochemistry Vol. I & II (Plenum Publishers):J O M Bockril& A K N Reddy

2.Atkin Physical Chemistry(Oxford University Press, New York):Atkin P & Paula J D

3.Physical Chemistry(Pergoman Press, Oxford, London): Moelwyn-Hughes E A

4.Physical Methods in Chemistry(Saunders College) : RS Drago

5. Essentials of Crystallography :M.A.Wahab Springer 2008

6. Crystallography and Crystal Structure : G. D. Arora: Sarup& Sons, New Delhi 1stEdn. 2000

7.Corrosion Engineering:M.G. Fontane& N.D. Green,McGraw Hill Company N.Y.

8. Corrosion & Corrosion Control:H.H.Uhlig, John Wiley & Sons Inc

9. Advanced Physical Chemistry: Gurtu and Gurtu, Pragati Prakashan

10.Solid State Chemistry :V K Selvaraj

11. Stereochemistry by Patapov

12. Stereochemistry by D. Nasipuri

PAPER- II GENERAL CHEMISTRY-II

Duration : 3 hours

Note :- The paper is divided into three independent units. The question paperis divided into three Parts - Part A , Part B and Part C. Part A (8 marks) iscompulsory and contains 8 questions (20 words each). Each question is ofone mark. Part B (8 marks) is compulsory contains four questions at leastone question from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt all four questions.Each question is of two marks (50 words each). Part C (24 marks) containssix questions two from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt threequestions, one from each unit. Each question is of 8 marks (400 words)

Unit-I

Adsorptionand Miscelles :Surface tension, capillary action, pressure difference acrosscurved surface (Laplace equation), vapour pressure of droplets (Kelvinequation),BET equation (without derivation) for estimation of surface area, Gibbs adsorption isotherm.

Surface active agents, classification of surface active agents, micellization, thermodynamics of micellization, critical micellar concentration (CMC), factors affecting the CMC of surfactants.

Unit-II

Chemical Thermodynamics and Elements of Statistics

Laws of Thermodynamics, Spontaneity and Equilibria, temperature and pressure dependence of thermodynamic quantities, Le Chatelier Principle, thermodynamics of ideal and non-ideal gases and solutions, partition functions and their relation to thermodynamic quantities

Data Analysis: Mean and Standard deviation, absolute and relative errors, linear regression, correlation coefficient

Unit-III

Analysis of Ores and Alloys.

Sampling and pretreatment of Ores and Alloys, Care of platinum vessels, composition and analysis of Hematite, Pyrolusite, Galena, Ilmenite, Wolframite, chrome ores.

Books Suggested :

- 1. Analytical Methods for ores and Minerals, ISDN 978-81-89866-54-9/2009, TBA (B.H. Khawas)
- A Laboratory Manual of Metals and Alloys Vol -II, ISDN 978-81-907462-4-3/2009, (S.M. Ashraf, Sharif Ahmad, UfanaRauaz)
- 3. Chemical & Instrumental Analysis of Ores Minerals & Ore Dressing Products, IBM Nagpur
- 4. A Text Book of Physical Chemistry by Samuel Glastone. Pub. Maxmillian Student Editions.
- 5. Physical Chemistry, Gordon M.Barrod Pub. International Science Edition McGraw Hill
- 6. A Text Book of Physical Chemistry, Irs N Levis Pub. McGraw Hill Int. Book Co.
- 7. Physical Chemistry, Gurdep Raj & Chatwal Pub. Goel Pub. Meerut
- 8. Text Book of Physical Chemistry, Negi&Anand Pub. Wiley E. Ltd.
- Physical Chemistry, I.N. Levine,5th Edition (2002),Tata McGraw Hill Pub. Co. Ltd., New Delhi.

PAPER III: SPECTROSCOPY-I

Duration : 3 hours Maximum Marks : 40

Note :- The paper is divided into three independent units. The question paperis divided into three Parts - Part A , Part B and Part C. Part A (8 marks) iscompulsory and contains 8 questions (20 words each). Each question is ofone mark. Part B (8 marks) is compulsory contains four questions at leastone question from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt all four questions.Each question is of two marks (50 words each). Part C (24 marks) containssix questions two from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt threequestions, one from each unit. Each question is of 8 marks (400 words)

Unit-I

Atomic Spectroscopy

Energies of atomic orbitals, term symbols and L-S and J-J Coupling, spectraof hydrogen atom and alkali metal atoms.

Molecular Spectroscopy

Molecular orbitals and its energy levels, Franck Condon Principle, electronicspectra of diatomic and polyatomic molecules, Paschen-Back effect, Zeemaneffect, Spectra of transition metal complexes, charge transfer spectra.

Unit-II

Infrared Spectroscopy

Review of linear harmonic oscillator, vibrational energies of diatomicmolecules, zero point energy, force constant and bond strengths, vibrations of polyatomic molecules.Selection rules, normal modes of vibrations, group frequencies, overtones,hot bands, factors affecting the band positions and intensities,2DNMR(COSY,HETCOR,NOESY,DEPT,APT,NEPT)

Unit-III

Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR) Spectroscopy

Nuclear spin, nuclear resonance, saturation, shielding of magnetic nuclei,chemical shift and its measurements, factors influencing chemical shift,deshielding, spin-spin interactions, factors influencing coupling constant 'J'.Classification (AX,AB, ABX, AMX, ABC, A_2B_2 etc.), spin decoupling, basic ideasabout instrument, Applications of NMR, ¹³CNMR– carbon chemical shift, γ carbon effect, assignment techniques.

Books Suggested:

- 1. Molecular Spectroscopy : Jag Mohan : Springer 2008
- 2. Application of Absorption Spectroscopy of Organic Compounds : Dyer : Eastern Economy Editions
- Inorganic Spectroscopy & Related topics : Frinza Hammer, Sarup& Sons 2008
- 4. A Handbook of Molecular Spectroscopy, 2005, PoojaBhagwan
- 5. SpectoscopicIndentification of organic compunds, R.M. Silversterin, C.G. Bassler& T.C. Morrill, John Wiley & Sons N.Y.
- 6. Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy, G.M. Namme; Mc Craw Hill Company N.Y.1972
- Introduction to Molecular Spectroscopy, G.M. Barrow, Mc Craw Hill Company N.Y. 1972
- 8. Spectroscopy Vol I & II, S.Walker& H. Stane, Chapman & Hall 1962
- Principles of Magnetic Resonance, C.P. Shichter, Springer Verlag 1981
- 10. Molecular spectroscopy, J.D. Graybeal , McGraw hill 1988

- 11. Fundamental of Molecular Spectroscopy, Colin N Banwell and Elaine, M Mccasn
- 12. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis by Willard, East West Press Pvy.Ltd.
- 13. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis by Chatwal&Anand, Himalaya Pub.
- 14. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis by B.K.Sharma, Goel Pub. House Meerut.
- 15. Spectroscopy of Organic Compounds by P.S Kalsi New Age International Publisher.

PAPER IV: SPECTROSCOPY-II

Duration : 3 hours Maximum Marks : 40

Note :- The paper is divided into three independent units. The question paperis divided into three Parts - Part A , Part B and Part C. Part A (8 marks) iscompulsory and contains 8 questions (20 words each). Each question is ofone mark. Part B (8 marks) is compulsory contains four questions at leastone question from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt all four questions.Each question is of two marks (50 words each). Part C (24 marks) containssix questions two from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt threequestions, one from each unit. Each question is of 8 marks (400 words)

Unit-I

Raman Spectroscopy

Classical and quantum theories of Raman effect, Pure rotational ,vibrationaland vibrational-rotational Raman spectra, selection rules, mutual exclusionprinciple, Resonance Raman spectroscopy, Coherent Anti Stokes RamanSpectroscopy (CARS).

Elementary idea of principle and applications of Mossbauer Spectroscopy.

Unit-II

Mass Spectrometry

Theory, Instrumental set-up and its mode of operation, mass spectrometers. Process of ionization separation and detection of ions, Mass spectrum and its interpretation determination of molecular formula, weight and structure.Fragmentation, Recognition of molecular ion.General appearance of the mass spectra, Presentation of mass spectra, Meta stable ion,Mass spectra of classes of organic compound.Application of mass spectrometry.

Unit-III

Nuclear Quadrupole Resonance Spectroscopy

Quadrupole nuclei, quadrupole moments, electric field gradient, couplingconstant, splitting. Applications.

Electron Spin Resonance Spectroscopy

Basic principles, zero field splitting and Kramer's degeneracy, factors affecting the 'g' value. Isotropic and anisotropic hyperfine coupling constants spinHamiltonian, spin densities and McConnell relationship, measurement techniques, applications.

Books Suggested:

- 1. Introduction to Mass Spectrometry J. Robog, John Wiley Inter. Pub
- 2. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis by Willard, East West Press Pvy.Ltd.
- 3. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis by Chatwal&Anand, Himalaya Pub.
- 4. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis by B.K.Sharma, Goel Pub. House Meerut.
- 5. Spectroscopy of Organic Compounds by P.S Kalsi New Age International Publisher.
- 6. Organic Chemistry by T.M. Graham Solomons& Craig B. Fryhle, Jhon Wiley & Sons New York
- 7. Electron Spectroscopy, 2002, (Rajbir Singh)
- 8. Spectroscopy, H Kaur, PragatiPrakashan

PAPER- V PRACTICAL

Duration: 6Hrs

Max. Marks:100

A. Quantitative analysisof Ore and Alloys (Minimum three)

1. To estimate Ferrous, Ferric individually or both Ferrous and Ferric Iron in the given sample.

2.To determine copper and nickel in the given sample by Iodometry

- 3. To determine chromium in chromite ore.
- 4. To estimate calcium in limestone or dolomite.
- 5. To estimate Manganese Dioxide in pyrulosite
- 6.To determine percentage of copper in brass.
- 7. To determine percentage of iron in plain carbon steel.
- 8.To determine percentage of silver in the given sample.

B. Flame Photometric Determinations (Minimum Three)

- 1. Sodium in Water or Soil sample.
- 2.Potassiumin Water or Soil sample
- 3. Calciumin Water or Soil sample
- 4.Sodium and potassium when present together
- 5. Lithium in Water sample
- 6. Barium/ strontium in Water sample
- 7. Sulphate in Water sample
- 8. Phosphate in Water sample
- 9. Silver in Water sample

C. Chromatographic Separations (Minimum Five)

(I) Perform Thin Layer Chromatographic Separation of the following and determine $R_{\rm f}\,values$:

- 1. Cadmium (II) and Zinc (II) ions
- 2. Zinc (II) and Magnesium (II) ions
- 3. Nickel (II), Cobalt (II) and Zinc (II) ions
- 4. Manganese (II), Cobalt (II) and zinc (II) ions.

5.Silver (I),Lead (II) and Mercury (II) ions

6. Arsenic (III), Antimony(III) and Antimony (II) ions

7.Lithium (I),Sodium(I) and Potassium(I) ions

7. Barium (II), Strontium (II) and Calcium(II) ions

8. Nickel (II), Cobalt (II), Copper (II) and Zinc (II) ions

6.Mercury (II), Copper (II), Lead (II), Bi (II) and Cadmium (II) ions

7. Flouride, Chloride, Bromide and Iodide Ions

(II) To Separate a mixture of sudan red and sudan yellow by adsorption on silica gel.

(III) To Separate a mixture of methylene blue and fluorescein (sodium salt) on an alumina column

(IV) To Separate a mixture of o- and p- nitroannilines on an alumina column

(V) To study the separation of organic acids by one dimensional paper chromatography

(VI) To separate a mixture of amino acids by Thin Layer Chromatography

(VII) To separate a mixture of monosaccharides by Thin Layer Chromatography

(VIII) To separate a mixture of dyes by thin layer chromatography

(IX) To separate a mixture of components e.g. o- and p- nitroanilines by TLC technique

(X) To determine by Column or TLC Technique whether the following inks consist of single or multiple mixtures of dyes.

(XI)To separate components of chlorophyll by ascending paper chromatography

D. Spectroscopy

Identification of organic compounds by the analysis of their spectral data (UV, IR, PMR,MASS)

Books Suggested:

- 1. A textbook of Quantitative Analysis, A.I. Vogel
- 2. A textbook of Qualitative Analysis, A.I. Vogel
- 3. Water Analysis, Trivedi and Goel
- 4. Experiments and Calculations in Engineering Chemistry, S.S. Dara

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PRACTICALS

Maximum Marks: 100

Duration : Six hours

The Board of Examiners will constitute of one External Examiner and one Internal Examiner

Ma	rking Scheme	
	Exercise	Marks
A.	Quantitative analysis	30
В.	Flame Photometric Determinations	20
C.	Chromatographic Separations	15
D.	Spectroscopy	15
E.	Record	10
F.	Viva	10
Gra	and Total	100

M.Sc.Applied Chemistry Semester-II Examination

PAPER-VI ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTRY

Duration: 3 hours Maximum Marks : 40

Note :- The paper is divided into three independent units. The question paperis divided into three Parts - Part A , Part B and Part C. Part A (8 marks) iscompulsory and contains 8 questions (20 words each). Each question is ofone mark. Part B (8 marks) is compulsory contains four questions at leastone question from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt all four questions.Each question is of two marks (50 words each). Part C (24 marks) containssix questions two from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt threequestions, one from each unit. Each question is of 8 marks (400 words)

Unit-I

Water and Water Pollution

Objectives of analysis, parameter for analysis-colour,temperature, transparency, turbidity, total solids, conductivity, acidity, alkalinity, hardness, chloride,sulphate, fluoride, silica,hydrogen sulphide, Fe,Na, K,phosphorus (Total, inorganic, organic),carbohydrate (Total, dissolved,particulate)and different forms of nitrogen, DO, BOD, COD, free CO₂.Purificationand Waste Water Treatment (Primary, Secondary and Tertiary Treatment Processes)

Sources of water pollution- solid waste, industrial, agricultural, oil, radioactive waste, pesticides, thermal pollution, classification of water pollutants and their effects, sampling of water pollutants. Heavy metal pollution in water - cadmium, chromium, copper, lead, zinc, manganese, mercury and arsenic pollution and their analysis

Unit-II

Air and Air Pollution

Important Chemical and photochemical reactions in atmosphere. Greenhouse effect, acid rain, ozone hole phenomenon, thermal inversion.

Air quality standards, sampling of air pollutants- gaseous and particulate, analysis of air pollutants, stack monitoring. Sources- stationary and transportation sources of air pollution, classification of air pollutants- sources, effects and control of CO, SO_2 , NO_x , HC as gaseous pollutants, suspended particulate matter aerosols, photochemical air pollution. Source and toxic effects of Pb,Cd, Hg, As, Cr, Ni and Mn.

Unit-III

Soil and Soil Pollution

Definition, components of soil, fertility management of soils, soil sedimentanalysis-physical and chemical parameters. Soil pollution- sources, detrimental effects and control.

Analysis of soil: moisture, pH, total nitrogen, phosphorus, silica, lime, magnesia, manganese, sulphur and alkali salts.

Books Suggested:

1. A Laboratory Manual for -Environmental Chemistry, ISDN 978-81-907462-5-0/ 2009, R. Gopalan, AmirthaAnand, R. WidfredSugumar

2. Standard Method of Chemical Analysis Vol I & II , Hulcher

3. Environmental analysis & instrumentation, RajvidyaMarkomdey

4. Experiments in Environmental Chemistry, SaytaPrakash Mohan, Sushi Chauhan

5. Environmental Chemistry by A.K. De Willey Esterh ltd.

6.. Environmental Chemistry by S.E. Manahan, Willgrd grant Press.

7. Environment chemistry by B.K.Sharma& Miss H. Kaur

8. Chemistry and Biological Method for water Pollution studies by Goel&TrivediEnv Pub

9. Environmental Chemistry (Lewis Publishers), SeMannahan

10.Environmental Chemistry (Wiley Eastern), A. K. Dey

11. Air Pollution : V.P. Kudesia:PragatiPrakashan, Meerut.

12. Water Pollution : V.P. Kudesia& R. Kudesia: PragatiPrakashan Meerut.

13.Industrial Pollution :V.P. Kudesia:PragatiPrakashan Meerut.

14.Soil Testing and Analysis: Plant, Water and Pesticide Residues Pant ram, 2007, ISDN 8189422707 15. A Laboratory Manual for -Environmental Chemistry, ISDN 978-81-907462-5-0/ 2009, R. Gopalan, AmirthaAnand, R. WidfredSugumar

16. Principles and Practices of Air Pollution and Control, ISDN 978-93-80026-38-1/2009, TBA(J.R. MudaKavi)

17. The Chemistry of our environment, R.A. Horse, Wiley inter Science 1978

18. Environmental Chemistry of soils , Murray BMC, Oxford University Press 1994

19. Environmental Chemistry, H Kaur, PragatiPrakashan

20. Environmental Chemistry, M S Sethi, Shri SaiPrintographers

21. Soil Chemical Analysis, M.L. Jackson

22. Soil Chemical Analysis, Piper , Elsevier's Publication

PAPER- VII COMPUTER PROGRAMMING FOR

CHEMISTS

Duration : 3 hours Maximum Marks : 40

Note :-The paper is divided into three independent units. The question paperis divided into three Parts - Part A , Part B and Part C. Part A (8 marks) iscompulsory and contains 8 questions (20 words each). Each question is ofone mark. Part B (8 marks) is compulsory contains four questions at leastone question from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt all four questions.Each question is of two marks (50 words each). Part C (24 marks) containssix questions two from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt threequestions, one from each unit. Each question is of 8 marks (400 words)

Unit-I

Introduction to Computers and Computing

Basic structure and functioning of computers with a PC as an illustrative example. Memory, I/O devices. Secondary storage. Computer language.Number System binary, octal, hexadecimal and their interconversions, memory management. DOS Introduction Operating systems with as an example. to UNIX andWINDOWS. MSOffice,Data principles Processing, of programming. Algorithms and flow-charts.

Introduction to Networking

(a) Introduction – Server, client and parts, server and network operatingsystem, network cards, cabling and hubs, maintenance and connecting o internet.

(b) Features and concepts of e-mail technology – Message headers, Addressbook, Attachment, Filtering and forwarding mails.

(c) Web Technology – languages and protocols, web page and website, scientific websites. Web resources – search engines, message boards, web page creation concept – planning navigation.

Unit-II

Computer Programming in C

Overview of C, Constants, Variables, and Data Types, Operators and Expression, Managing Input and Output Operators, Decision Making and Branching, Single and two dimensional arrays, structure, IF statement, IF....ELSE statement, GO TO statement, DecisionMaking and Looping, WHILE statement, DO statement and FOR statement,Jumps in loop.

Unit-III

Programming in Chemistry

Development of small computer codes involving simple formulae in chemistry, such as VanderWaals equation, titration, kinetics, radioactive decay. Evaluation of lattice energy and ionic radii from experimental data. Linear simultaneous equations to solve secular equations within the Huckel theory. Elementary structural features such as bond lengths.

Books Suggested:

- 1. Computer and their application to chemistry : R. Kumari: Springer 2008
- 2. Computer of Chemists, Pundir&Bansal ,PragatiPrakashan
- 3. Computer and Common Sense, R. Hunt and J. Shelley, Prentice Hall
- 4. Computational Chemistry, A.C. Norris.
- 5. Microcomputer Quantum Mechanics, J.P. Killngbeck, Adam Hilger.
- 6. Computer Programming in Fortran IV, V. Rajaraman, Prentice Hall.
- 7. An Introduction to Digital Design, V. Rajaraman and T. Radhakrishnan, Prentice Hall

Paper –VIIIDIFFRACTION METHODS & SPECTROSCOPY

Duration : 3 hours Maximum Marks : 40

Note :- The paper is divided into three independent units. The question paperis divided into three Parts - Part A , Part B and Part C. Part A (8 marks) iscompulsory and contains 8 questions (20 words each). Each question is ofone mark. Part B (8 marks) is compulsory contains four questions at leastone question from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt all four questions.Each question is of two marks (50 words each). Part C (24 marks) containssix questions two from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt threequestions, one from each unit. Each question is of 8 marks (400 words)

Unit-I

Diffraction Methods

X-ray Diffraction

Bragg condition, Miller indices, Laue methods, Bragg method, Debye-Scherrermethod of X-ray structural analysis of crystal, index reflections, identification of unit cells from systematic absences in diffraction pattern. Structure of simplelattices and X-ray intensities, structure factor and its relation to intensity and electron density, phase problem.Description of the procedure for an X-ray structure analysis, absolute configuration of molecules, Ramchandrandiagram.

Electron Diffraction

Scattering intensity v/s scattering angle, Wierl equation, measurementtechnique, elucidation of structure of simple gas phase molecules, Low energyelectron diffraction and structure of surfaces.

Neutron diffraction

Scattering of neutrons by solids and liquids, magnetic scattering, measurementtechniques.Elucidation of structure of magnetically ordered unit cell.

Unit-II

Microwave Spectroscopy

Classification of molecules, rigid rotor model, effect of isotopic substitution the transition frequencies, intensities, non-rigid rotor. Stark effect, nuclearand electron spin interaction and effect of external field. Applications.

Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy :

Principles, Instrumentation set-up and analytical procedure of absorption spectroscopy.Precision and accuracy of atomic absorption spectroscopy.Relation between atomic absorption and flame emission spectroscopy.Applications : Qualitative, Quantitative and Analytical.

Unit III

Photoelectron Spectroscopy

Basic principles, photo-electric effect, ionization process, Koopman's theorem.Photoelectron spectra of simple molecules, Electron Spectroscopy for Chemical Analysis (ESCA), chemical information fromESCA. Basic Idea of Auger Electron Spectroscopy.

Photoacoustic Spectroscopy

Basic principles of photo acoustic spectroscopy (PAS), PAS-gases and condensed systems, chemical and surface applications.

Books Suggested:

1.Basic of X-Ray Diffraction and its application, ISDN 978-81-89866-07-5/2007(K. RamakanthHebbar)

- 2. Solid state chemistry 2009, Kumar. J., Rajputana Book House, Ajmer
- 3. Solid State Chemistry, D K Chakarbarty, New age International Publishers

PAPER-IX CATALYSTS ANDENZYMES

Duration : 3 hours Maximum Marks : 40

Note :- The paper is divided into three independent units. The question paperis divided into three Parts - Part A , Part B and Part C. Part A (8 marks) iscompulsory and contains 8 questions (20 words each). Each question is ofone mark. Part B (8 marks) is compulsory contains four questions at leastone question from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt all four questions.Each question is of two marks (50 words each). Part C (24 marks) containssix questions two from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt threequestions, one from each unit. Each question is of 8 marks (400 words)

Unit-I

Catalysts–Introduction, classification, types, actions, catalytic action of enzymes, industrial catalysis. Metal ion catalysis, Spectral and Magnetic properties of transition and inner transition elements, industrial importance of their compounds as catalysts, catalysts for refining and petrochemical industries.

Unit-II

Enzymes and their Biotechnical Applications

Properties of enzymes like catalytic power, specificity and regulation. Uses of Metalloenzymes (Carbonicanhydrase, Carboxypeptidase)

Large-scale production and purification of enzymes, techniques and methods of immobilization of enzymes and their applications, use of enzymes in food industry, brewing and cheese making, high fructose corn syrup, enzymes as targets for drug design. Clinical uses of enzymes, enzyme therapy, enzymes and recombinant DNA technology.

Unit –III

Electronic Properties and Band Theory

Electronic structure of solids-bandtheory, band structure of metals, insulators and semiconductors. Intrinsicand extrinsic semiconductors, doping semiconductors, p-n junctions, superconductors.

Optical properties- Optical reflectance, photoconduction.

Magnetic Properties- Classification of material, quantum theory ofparamagnetic cooperative phenomena-magnetic domains, hysteresius.

Books Suggested:

- 1. Bioorganic Chemistry: A Chemical Approach to Enzyme Action (SpringerVerlag): HeermanDugas and C Penny
- 2. Understanding Enzymes (Prentice Hall), Trevor Palmer

3.Biochemistry: The Chemical Reactions of living cells (Academic Press), De Metzler

4. Catalysis, concept and green applications : Gadi Rothenberg : Cambridge University Press

5.Understanding Enzyme : Trevor Palmer: Prentice Hall

6.Enzyme Chemistry : Impact & Applications : Ed. Collin J Suckling, Chapaman and Hall.

7.Fundamental of Enzymology : N.C. Price and L. Stevens : Oxford University Press : 3rdedn 2006

- 8. Immobilized Enzymes : An introduction and Application in Biotechnology : Michael D. Trevan, John Wiley.
- 9. Enzyme Structure and Mechanism : A Fersht, W.H. Freeman.
- 10.Homogeneous catalysis, G.W. Persons, John wiley N.Y. 1990
- 11.Principles & application of Homogeneous catalysis, A. Kira Nakamura Minoru Tstsui, John Wiley N.Y. 1980
- 12.Introduction to the principles of Homogenous catalysis , J.M. Thomas & W.J. Thomas, Academic Press London 1967
- 13. Biology of Chemists, Dr P K Agarwal, PragatiPrakashan
- 14.Biochemistry, John K Joseph
- 15.Enzymes, S. K Singh

PAPER- X PRACTICAL

Duration: 6Hrs

Maximum Marks:100

A. Analysis of water(Minimum ten)

Examine the physical characteristics of the sample of water supplied and determine the following characteristics.

- (i) Alkalinity to Phenolphthalein and methyl orange.
- (ii) Total Hardness.
- (iii) CalciumHardness
- (iv) Chloride
- (v) Dissolved Oxygen
- (vi) Sulphate
- (vii) Resident Chlorine.
- (viii) Total dissolved solids

(ix) Conductivity (x) Biological Oxygen Demand (xi) Chemical Oxygen Demand (xii) Acidity or pH (xiii) Ammonia Nitrogen (xiv) Nitrite Nitrogen (xv) Nitrate Nitrogen (xvi) Silicon (xvii) Phosphorus (xviii) Fluoride (xviii) Iron by Colorimetry (xix) Determine the available chlorine content of bleaching powder extract supplied with the solution of thiosulphate against standarddichromate solution. (xx) Discuss the physical and chemical characteristic of water you have examined and comment on the suitability of water for drinking industrial purpose.

(xxi) Determine the physico-chemical parameters of soil.

B. Preparations and Isolations (Minimum five)

- 1.Preparation of Indigo
- 2. Preparation of Methyl Orange
- 3. Isolation of Caffeine from tea leaves.
- 4. Isolation of Casein from milk
- 5.IsolationofMucicAcid from milk
- 6. Isolation of Nicotine from tobacco.
- 7. Isolation of piperine from black pepper.
- 8. Isolation of carotene from Carrot
- 9. Isolation of lactose from milk
- 10.Isolationofeugenol from cloves
- 11.Isolation of (+) limonene from citrus rind
- 12. Isolation of Cystine from human hair
- 13.Isolation of D(+) Glucose from cane-sugar
- 14. Isolation of Hippuric Acid from Urine.

Books suggested:

- 1. Advanced Practical Chemistry, Jagdamba Singh , PragatiPrakashan
- 2. Experiments and Calculations in Engineering Chemistry, S.S.Dara

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PRACTICALS

Maximum Marks: 100

Duration : Six hours

The Board of Examiners will constitute of one External Examiner and one Internal Examiner

Marking	g Scheme	
Ex	xercise	Marks
A. W	ater analysis(Two Exercise)	40 (20 each)
B. Pr	reparation and Isolation(Two exercise)	40(20 each)
C.	Record	10
D. Vi	va	10
Grand Total		100

M.Sc Applied Chemistry Semester-III Examination PAPER- XI POLYMER PROCESSING & TESTING

Duration : 3 hours Maximum Marks : 40

Note :- The paper is divided into three independent units. The question paperis divided into three Parts - Part A, Part B and Part C. Part A (8 marks) iscompulsory and contains 8 questions (20 words each). Each question is ofone mark. Part B (8 marks) is compulsory contains four questions at leastone question from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt all four questions.Each question is of two marks (50 words each). Part C (24 marks) containssix questions two from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt threequestions, one from each unit. Each question is of 8 marks (400 words)

Unit-I

Polymer Processing

Plastics, elastomers and fibres. Compounding, Processing techniques:calendering, die casting, rotational casting, film casting, injection moulding,blow moulding, extrusion moulding, thermoforming, foaming, reinforcingand fibre spinning.

Structure and Properties of polymer

Order in crystalline polymers-configurations of polymer chains. Crystal structure of polymers, crystallization and melting. Polymer structure and physical properties-crystalline melting point- melting points of homogeneous eries, effect of chain flexibility and other steric factors, entropy and heat offusion. The glass transition temperature, Relationship between T_m and T_g , effects on molecular weight.

Unit-II

Analysis of Polymers

Polydispersion-average molecular weight concept.Number, weight andviscosity, average molecular weights.Polydispersity and molecular weightdistribution.The practical significance of molecular weight.Measurementof molecular weights.End-group, viscosity, light scattering, osmotic andultracentrifugation methods.

Analysis and testing of polymers-chemical analysis of polymers, spectroscopicmethods, X-ray diffraction study, Microscopy. Thermal analysis and physicaltesting-tensile strength.Fatigue impact. Tear resistance. Hardness and abrasionresistance.

UNIT –III

Commercial Polymers

Preparation, properties and uses of Polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride, polyamides, polyesters, phenolic resins, epoxy resins and silicone polymers.

New polymers- Fire retarding polymers, liquid crystal polymers and electrically conducting polymers. Biomedical polymers.

Books Suggested :

- 1. Liquid Crystals and Polymers :G. D. Arora: Sarup& Sons, New Delhi 1stEdn. 2005
- 2. Principles of Polymerization, George OdeaioIIIed, John Wiley & Cons.
- 3. Principles of Polymer Chemistry, A. Rawe 1995
- 4. Principles of Polymer Systems, Ferdinand Rodriguez IV thed, Taylor & Francis
- 5. Experiment in Polymer Science, D G Hundiwale, New age international Publishers
- 6. Advance and polymer science, J P Knnedy, S Nagg, D Hunkeler
- 7. Advance polymer Chemistry, Dr V K Selvaraj
- 8. Laboratory Manual of Polymers Vol-I, ISDN 978-81-90746-23-6/2009.

S.M. Ashraf, Sharif Ahmad, UfanaRauaz

9. A Handbook of Polymer Chemistry, 2005, Dinesh Sharma

10.Text Book of Polymer science , Fred W. BillmeyerJr 11.Principles of Polymer Chemistry , A Ravve

12. Polymer Chemistry, V. Gawrikor

PAPER- XII PRINCIPLES OF CHEMICALENGINEERING

Duration: 3 hours Maximum Marks: 40

Note :- The paper is divided into three independent units. The question paperis divided into three Parts - Part A , Part B and Part C. Part A (8 marks) is compulsory

and contains 8 questions (20 words each). Each question is ofone mark. Part B (8 marks) is compulsory contains four questions at leastone question from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt all four questions. Each question is of two marks (50 words each). Part C (24 marks) containssix questions two from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt threequestions, one from each unit. Each question is of 8 marks (400 words)

Unit-I

Basic Concept of Unit Operations and Unit Process. Unit Processes and unitoperations with equipments, characteristics of unit processes, processinstrumentation.Good laboratory Processes, Safety hazards in chemical laboratory.

Mass transfer: Different modes of mass transfer, concentrations, variousvelocities and fluxes, Ficks law of diffusion.

Unit-II

Definition of Thermodynamic Laws and application of thermodynamics in unit process, combustion reaction, Theoretical Air, Excess air, Air Fuel ratio, analysis of products of combustion. Internal energy and enthalpy of reaction, heating value of fuels, enthalpy offormation, adiabatic flame temperature, entropy changes for reactive mixtures.

Unit-III

Chemical Process Kinetics: Types of chemical reactions, catalytic rateequations. Adsorption-equations, factors affecting a chemical process. Reactorshape and effect of back mixing on products distribution. Selection and sizingof Homogeneous and catalytic reactor.

Books Suggested:

- 1. Process Heat Transfer: S.K. Das: Springer 2008
- 2. Comprehensive Engineering Chemistry, ISDN 98-81-89866-55-6/2007,
- (Devender Singh, BalrajDeshwal, Satish Kumar Vats)

3. Modeling and Analysis of Chemical Engineering Processes, ISDN 978-81-89866-31-0/2007, (K.Balu, K.Padmanabhan)

4. Problems on Material and Energy Balance Calculation, ISDN 978-93-80026-04-06/2009 (K.Balu, N.Satyamurthi, S.Ramalingam, B.Deepika)

5.Process Central Instrumentation, ISDN 978-93-80026-39-8/2009, TBA (P.Sai Krishna)

6. Fundamentals of Fluid Mechanics, ISDN 978-81-89866-67-9/2008, (G.S. Swahney)

7. Material Sciences for Engineers, ISDN TBA/2009, TBA(Kishore T. Kashyap)

8. Principles of industrial Chemistry, Chries A Clansmen III, Mattsen J Wiley Inter Science

9. A text book of Chemical Technology VolI, S.D. Shukla and G.N. Pandey

10. Wellman's encyclopedia of Industrial Chemistry, Arpe et al ,Editional Advisory Board

11. Industrial Organic Chemistry, K Weissermel/H J arpe

12. Engineering Chemistry, Jain& Jain, Dhanpatrai and Sons

13. Engineering Chemistry, S P Bakshi, CBS Publishers and Distributors

14. Unit Processes in organic synthesis, P H Goriging, Tata M C graw Hill Publishing Company Ltd

15. Concepts of Chemical Engineering, SS. Dara

PAPER- XIII INDUSTRIAL CHEMISTRY-I

Duration : 3 hours Maximum Marks : 40

Note :- The paper is divided into three independent units. The question paperis divided into three Parts - Part A , Part B and Part C. Part A (8 marks) iscompulsory and contains 8 questions (20 words each). Each question is ofone mark. Part B (8 marks) is compulsory contains four questions at leastone question from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt all four questions.Each question is of two marks (50 words each). Part C (24 marks) containssix questions two from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt threequestions, one from each unit. Each question is of 8 marks (400 words)

Unit-I

Glass Industry: Introduction, classification of glass, basic raw materials ofglass, manufacturing processes including chemical reactions, some specialglasses: optical

glass, coloured glass, fibre glass, laminate glass, safety glass, photosensitive glass, photochromatic glass, lead glass, borosilicate glass and glass wool.

Ceramics (Clay and clay products):-

Formation classification, composition and plasticity of clay and clay products, Efflorescence on bricks. Terracotta ware. Pottery porcelain, other clay products sanitary wares, porcelain insulators their chemistry and compositions.

Unit-II

Cement Industry: Types of cement, manufacture of Portland cement, composition, setting and hardening of cement, Mortars and concrete, gypsum, plaster of paris, estimation of silica, alumina, calcium oxide and sulphates inPortland cement.

Oils, Fats, Soaps: -

Introduction of oils fats and soaps, Chemistry of extraction, refining and bleaching of oil. Manufacture of soybean and cotton seed oils. Extraction of essential oils. Physical & chemical properties and tests of oils, fats and soaps. Manufacture of anionic, cationic, nonionic & ampholytic surfactants production of difference types of soap.

Unit-III

Synthetic dyes andNitrogen, Phosphorus, Potassium (NPK) fertilizers :-

Unit process for manufacture of dyestuff-intermediates, General classification of synthetic dyes. Brief ideas of preparation, properties and uses of the nitro, nitroso, azo, triphenyl methane, xanthene and Pthalocyanin dyes.

Classification and role of fertilizers, Manufacture and uses of Urea, Ammonium Sulphate, Ammonium Nitrate, Single Super Phosphate, Triple Super Phosphate, Potassium Chloride and Potassium Sulphate fertilizers, Biofertilizers

Books Suggested:

1.Thermal Engineering Data Handbook, ISDN 978-81-89866-32-7/2007, B. Sreenivasa Reddy, K Hemachandra Reddy

2. Industrial Hygiene and Chemical Safety, ISDN 978/81-888237-92-0, (M.H. Fulekar)

- 3. Industrial Chemistry, J S Jangwal&A S Mathuria
- 4. Industrial Chemistry, B K Sharma, Goel Publishing Hose Meerut
- 5. Industrial Chemistry, Reegel , ReinholdPublishingCo.

PAPER- XIV INDUSTRIAL CHEMISTRY -II

Duration : 3 hours Maximum Marks : 40

Note :- The paper is divided into three independent units. The question paperis divided into three Parts - Part A , Part B and Part C. Part A (8 marks) iscompulsory and contains 8 questions (20 words each). Each question is ofone mark. Part B (8 marks) is compulsory contains four questions at leastone question from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt all four questions.Each question is of two marks (50 words each). Part C (24 marks) containssix questions two from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt three questions, one from each unit. Each question is of 8 marks (400 words)

Unit-I

Pulp, Paper and Textile technology: -

Introduction.Raw material, wood chemistry.Chemistry of pulping & belching. Manufacture of rayon and paper pulp. Production of kraft, writing &printing paper (Paper making) . Recovery of chemical from spent liquors. Physical & Chemical test of pulp and paper. Natural and Synthetic fibers & textile fiber. Manufacture of viscous rayon fiber, cellulose acetate fiber, acrylic fiber.

Unit-II

Fermentation and Sugar Technology: -

Introduction.Fermentation.Equipment.Media preparation.Growth phase & Enzyme, Functions, Account of Some Fermentation processes. Manufacture of Alcoholic beverages,Manufacture of Vinegar, Lactic Acid, Citric Acid.

Introduction of sugar technology. Manufacture of Cane Sugar, recovery of sucrose form molasses preparation of Celotex, Physico chemical properties and testing of Sugar and its intermediate. Sugar industry in India.

Enamels:-

Definition types of enamels and description of enamels. Manufacturing processes oflacquers, paint enamels, pyroxylin,vitreousenamels.

Unit-III

Petroleum and its products:-

Composition of petroleum, natural gas, petroleum distillation, methods of separation of products, Crystallization, Super fractionation, Azeotropic and extractive distillation study of cooling tower, cracking processes, Lubrication oil refining hydrogen processing of petroleum petro-chemical industry, Alkylation of paraffin-acid, Catalytic refining, solvent refining.

General characteristics of petroleum hydrocarbons viz.Alkanes, Alkenes, Alicyclics, Aromatics. Preparations of gaseous hydrocarbons, separation of liquid hydrocarbons.

Books suggested:

1. Principles of industrial Chemistry, Chries A Clansmen III, Mattsen J Wiley Inter Science

2. A text book of Chemical Technology VolI, S.D. Shukla and G.N. Pandey

3. Wellman's encyclopedia of Industrial Chemistry, Arpe et al ,Editional Advisory Board

4.Pulp and Paper Chemistry& Chemical Technology – Vol. I,II,III by Jomes P Carey

PAPER- XV PRACTICAL

Duration: 6Hrs.

Max. Marks:100

A. Analysis of cement(Minimum three):

- 1. Loss on ignition
- 2. Silica
- 3. Fe_2O_3
- 4. Combined Fe_2O_3 and Al_2O_3
- 5. Calcium
- 6. Magnesium
- 7. Sodium
- 8. Potassium

B. Analysis of polymers (Minimum three)

- 1. DetermineAcid Number of Resin/Plastic material.
- 2. Determine Saponification value of Plastic material.
- 3. Determine Iodine value of Resin /Plastic Material.
- 4. Determine Hydroxyl Value of Plastic material.
- 5. Determine Carbonyl Value of Resin/ Plastic Material.
- 6.Determine Amine Value of Resin / Plastic Material
- 6. Determine Molecular Weight of a polymer.
- 7. Determine Isocyanate Content of Resin /Plastic Material
- 8.Determine Epoxy Equivalent and Epoxy Value of Resins/Plastic Material
- 7. Determine Capacity of Cation exchange resin.
- 8. Determine Capacity of an Anion exchange resin.

9. Separate Zn and Mg in the given unknown solution by Anion Exchange Resin (Amberilite IRA-400) column followed by their estimation with N/100 EDTA and Eriochrome Black-T as indicator.

10.Separate Ni and Co in the given sample solution by Anion Exchange Column followed by their estimation by back titration using EDTA and xylenol orange as indicator.

C. Preparation of polymers (Minimum three)

- 1. Prepare Urea Formaldehyde resin.
- 2. Prepare Phenol Formaldehyde resin.
- 3. Prepare Nylon- 6, 6Poly (HexamethyleneAdipamide)
- 4. Prepare Nylon- 6, 6 or Nylon- 6,10 by Interfacial Polymerization
- 5. Prepare Polyurethane Prepolymer

6.Prepare polystyrene by Suspension or Emulsion or Bulk or Solution Polymerisation.

- 7.PreparePolysulphide Rubber
- 8. Prepare Polyester Resin by Melt Condensation or Solution Condensation Method
- 9. Prepare Epoxy Resin.

Books Suggested:

1.Experiments in Polymer Science, D.G.Hundiwale , V.D. Athawale New Age International Publishers2..Advanced Practical Chemistry, JagdambaSingh ,PragatiPrakashan

3. Experiments and Calculations in Engineering Chemistry, S.S.Dara

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PRACTICALS

Maximum Marks: 100

Duration : Six hours

The Board of Examiners will constitute of one External Examiner and one Internal Examiner Marking Schome

Mar	king Scheme	
	Exercise	Marks
A.	Analysis of Cement	30
B.	Analysis of Polymers	30
C.	Preparation of polymers	20
D.	Record	10
Е.	Viva	10
Grand Total		100

M.Sc Applied Chemistry Semester- IV Examination

Paper: XVI PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY

Duration : 3 hours Maximum Marks : 40

Note :- The paper is divided into three independent units. The question paperis divided into three Parts - Part A , Part B and Part C. Part A (8 marks) iscompulsory and contains 8 questions (20 words each). Each question is ofone mark. Part B (8 marks) is compulsory contains four questions at leastone question from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt all four questions.Each question is of two marks (50 words each). Part C (24 marks) containssix questions two from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt threequestions, one from each unit. Each question is of 8 marks (400 words)

Unit I

Drug Design-I

Development of new drugs, procedures followed in drug design, concepts oflead compound and lead modification, concepts of prodrug and soft drugs,structure-activity relationship (SAR), factors affecting bioactivity. Theories of drug activity: occupancy theory, rate theory,induced fit theory.

Drug Design-II

Quantitative structure activity relationship(QSAR,. History and development of QSAR.Concept of drug receptors. Elementary treatment of drug receptor interactions.Physico-chemical parameters: lipophilicity, partition coefficient, electronicionization constants, steric, Free-Wilson analysis, relationships betweenFree-Wilson and Hansch analysis. LD-50, Ed-50 (Mathematical derivations excluded.)

Unit -II

Pharmacokinetics

Introduction to drug absorption, disposition, elimination usingpharmacokinetics, important pharmacokinetic parameters in defining drugdisposition and in therapeutics, uses of pharmacokinetics in drug developmentprocess.

Pharmacodynamics

Introduction, elementary treatment of enzyme stimulation, enzyme inhibition, membrane active drugs, drug metabolism, biotransformation, significance of drug metabolism in medicinal chemistry.

Unit-III

Drugs against infection

Introduction and general mode of action.

Synthesis of sulphonamides, furazolidone, nalidixic acid, ciprofloxacin,norfloxacin, dapsone, amino salicyclic acid, isoniazed, ethionamide,ethambutal, fluconazole, econozole, griseofulvin, chloroquin and primaquin.

Antibiotics

Cell wall biosynthesis, inhibitors, β -lactum rings, antibiotics inhibiting protein synthesis. Synthesis of penicillin G, cephalosporin ,Sreptomycin, ampicillin, amoxycillin,tetracycline .

Books Suggested:

1.Burger's Medical Chemistry , M.E. Wolff , John Wiley sons N.Y

2. Principles of Medicinal Chemistry, W.O. Foye lea and FebigerPhilablphia

3. The Organic Chemistry of drugs synthesis , D Ledsrocar and L N Mitscher, John Wiley & Sons N.Y.

- 4. Medicinal Chemistry, A Kar, Wiley Eastern Ltd N.Y.
- 5. A Text book of Synthetic Drugs, O D Tyagi M Yadav, Anmol Publications
 - 6. An Introduction to drug design , S N Pandeya , J R Demmock , New age international Publishers
 - 7. Biopharmaceuticals& Pharmacokinetics, D MBrahanabankar, Suil B Jaiswal
 - 8. Introduction to Phamaceutical II, A K Gupta S S Bajaj, CBS Publishers and Distributors
 - 9. Computer for Chemists, Pundir, PragatiPrakashan
 - 10.Computer and their application to chemistry, Ramesh Kumari, Narosa Publishing House

Paper: XVII SEPARATION TECHNIQUES

Duration: 3 Hrs. Max. Marks:40

Unit-I

Solvent Extraction and Ion Exchange: -

Basic principle of solvent extraction (Distribution law),Factor affecting extraction, Techniques of extraction, Quantitative treatment of solvent extraction equilibria, classification & types of solvent extraction system, mechanism of extraction, advantages & application in analytical chemistry Introduction of counter current extraction, Craig's technique & its application.

Ion Exchange – Definition, types of ion exchangers, preparation, action and applications of ion exchangers.

Unit-II

Chromatography-I

An introduction to chromatographic methods, paper, thin layer and column chromatography, theory of chromatography, classification of chromatographic techniques, retention time, relationship between retention time and partition coefficient, the rate of solute migration, band broadening & column efficiency, applications of chromatography in qualitative and quantitative analysis.

UNIT – III

Chromatography-II

Instrumentation and applications of Gas Chromatography(GC) and High Pressure Liquid Chromatography or High Performance Liquid Chromatography(HPLC), comparison of GC and HPLC, Ion chromatography, size exclusion chromatography, super critical fluid chromatography, affinity chromatography and its specialized analytical applications

Books Suggested :

1. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis – Will and LettonEdu.Pub. Ltd New York

2. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis – ChatwalAnand, Himalaya Pub.

3. Spectroscopy of Org. Compounds – P.S. Kalsi, New Age Inter. Pub.

4. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis – B.K. Sharma, Goel Pub. Meerut

5. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis – H. Kaur, Pragati Pub.

6. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis by Golen W. Ewing. McGraw Hill

PAPER- XVIII ANALYTICAL METHODS

Duration : 3 hours Maximum Marks : 40

Note :- The paper is divided into three independent units. The question paperis divided into three Parts - Part A , Part B and Part C. Part A (8 marks) iscompulsory and contains 8 questions (20 words each). Each question is ofone mark. Part B (8 marks) is compulsory contains four questions at leastone question from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt all four questions.

Each question is of two marks (50 words each). Part C (24 marks) containssix questions two from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt threequestions, one from each unit. Each question is of 8 marks (400 words)

Unit I

General Analytical Chemistry: -

Importance, applications, & scope of analytical chemistry, classification of analytical methods-(classical and instrumental), selecting analysis method, Sampling, Definition and purpose of sampling. Sampling of gases. Ambient & stack sampling, sampling of solids & liquids, techniques of weighing, possible errors, calibration of glassware, sample preparation – dissolution and decompositions.

UNIT-II

Titrimetric , Gravimetric and Thermal Methods of Analysis

General principles of Volumetric analysis, concentration systems, acid-base, complexometric, precipitation, oxidation-reduction titration, theories, its applications, theory& application of gravimetric analysis, Process & treatment of precipitation, Co-precipitation and ageing, Organic precipitation. Theory, instrumentation & application of thermo gravimetric & differential thermal Analysis.Thermal methods in quantitative analysis.

Unit-III

Conductometry and Conductometric titrations: -

General principle of conductometry, instrumentation, electrolytic conductance and electrolytic concentration relationship, conductometric titrations including neutralization, precipitation, oxidation-reduction, complexation and high frequency titrations other applications of analytical importance.

Books suggested:

- 1. Analytical Chemistry by J.G. Diek Pub. International Students Edition.
- 2. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis by H.H.Willard&L.L.Merrit.Pub. Affiliated East West Press
- 3. Analytical Chemistry by R.M.Verma Pub. CBS Pub. & Distributors Delhi

4.Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis by Golen W. EwingPub. Int. Stu. Edu.

- 5. Vogels Text book of Quantitative Chemical Analysis by G.H.Geffery,JBassett.Pub. Lahgman Scientific Tech. John wiley New York
- 6. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis by GurdeepChatwal, Sham Anand.Pub. Himalaya Pub. House
- 7. Analytical Chemistry, 6th edn D. Christian Wile

PAPER- XIX CHEMICAL ANALYSIS

Duration : 3 hours Maximum Marks : 40

Note :- The paper is divided into three independent units. The question paperis divided into three Parts - Part A, Part B and Part C. Part A (8 marks) iscompulsory and contains 8 questions (20 words each). Each question is ofone mark. Part B (8 marks) is compulsory contains four questions at leastone question from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt all four questions.Each question is of two marks (50 words each). Part C (24 marks) containssix questions two from each unit. Candidate is required to attempt threequestions, one from each unit. Each question is of 8 marks (400 words)

Unit-I

Food Analysis

Moisture, ash, crude protein, fat, crude fibre, carbohydrates, calcium,potassium, sodium and phosphate. Food adulteration-common adulterantsin food, contamination of food stuffs. Tests fordetection of adulterants in food stuffs, Pesticide analysis in food products- Extraction and purification sample, Gas chromatography for organophosphates. Thin-layerchromatography for identification of chlorinated pesticides in food products.

Unit-II

Fuel Analysis:characteristic & classification of fossil fuels-solid, liquid and gas. Ultimate and proximate analysis of coal, grading of coal. Liquid fuels-flash point, fire point, cetane number, octane number and carbonresidue. Gaseous fuels-producer gas and water gas, calorific value and its determination.

Unit-III

(A) Industrial water treatment: - Water as engineering material.Treatment of water for steam generation, (boiler feed water) boiler problem, remedies and its numerical problems.

(B) Lubricants -

Properties, classification, Physico chemical analysis and testing of lubricantsviscosity and viscosity index, flash point, fire point, aniline point, iodine value, saponification value, acid value.

(C)Testing of dyes -

Testing of fastness properties, effect of light, washing agents and rubbing on dye shades.

Books Suggested:

1. Standard Methods of Chemical Analysis , Vol iii (Van Nostrand Reinhold Co.), F.J. Welcher

2. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis :Chatwal&Anand: Himalaya Publishing House, New Delhi

3. Vogel's Text Book of Quantity Chemical Analysis : J. Mendham et al : 6thedn 2008

4.A Handbook of Chemical Analysis, 2005, PoojaBhagwan

5. Applied Chemisry, A K Bagavathi sundry, MJP Publishers6.

6.Instrumental Method of Chemical Analysis, H Kaur, PragatiPrakashan

PAPER-XX - PRACTICAL

Duration: 6 Hrs. Max.Marks:100

Practicals

A. Fuel Analysis (Minimum Three)

1. The proximate analysis of given sample of coke and wood charcoal.

2. The ultimate analysis of given sample of soft coke.

3. Determine the swelling index of coal .

4. Determine Phosphorus present in coal.

5.Determine the viscosity in centistokes of a given sample of oil attemperature 37.8° C, 50° C, 70° C, and 99° C using Redwood Viscometer and calculate the viscosity index of the oil sample. Data or Theta – 40 to 85 Sec, A=0.0026, B=1.90 For Theta =82 to 2000Sec. A=0.0026, B=0.65

6. Determine the viscosity of a given sample of Oil in centistokes at roomtemperature and at 40° , 50° , 60° 65° , 70° Cby Redwood Viscometer. Plot a graph between kinematic viscosity and temperature in degreecentigrade.

B. Lubricant Analysis (Minimum Five)

- 1. Determine Acid Value of lubricating oil.
- 2. Determine Saponification Value of a lubricating oil
- 3. Determine Iodine Value of lubricating oil.
- 4. Determine Aniline Point of lubricating oil.
- 5. Determine Cloud- Point and Pour-Point of lubricating oil.
- 6. Determine Flash Point of lubricating oil.
- 7.Determine Fire Point of Lubricating Oil.
- 8. Determine Rancidity of oil sample.

C. Preparation of Drugs and Drug intermediates (Minimum Two)

1. Preparation of Aspirin.

- 2. Preparation of Paracetamol
- 3. Preparation of Salol
- 4. Preparation of Sulphanilic acid

Books suggested:

1. Advanced Practical Chemistry, JagdambaSingh, PragatiPrakashan

2. Experiments and Calculations in Engineering Chemistry, S.S.Dara

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PRACTICALS

Maximum Marks: 100

Duration : Six hours

The Board of Examiners will constitute of one External Examiner and one Internal Examiner

Marking Scheme Exercise Marks **Fuel Analysis** 35 A. B. Lubricant analysis 25 **Preparation of Drugs and Drug intermediates C**. 20 D. Record 10 E. Viva 10 **Grand Total** 100